



JDPMC

2025 ANNUAL REPORT AND 2026 PROJECTIONS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

JDPMC in 2025 has sustained its mandate of deploying field experience, knowledge, research, extensive consultations and analytical tools to understand the situation of human communities especially in Osun state and Nigeria and promote decisive actions based on the Social Doctrines of the Catholic Church to serve the interest of justice, advancement of communal peace, human dignity and general wellbeing. The report of the strategic actions undertaken in the year 2025 and the strategic plan mapped out for the year 2026, are a collective chain of reliable evidence.

Reports issue from careful documentation and archiving of field work and experience as well as opinions generated from in-depth joint reflection, detailed technical analysis of the implementation of planned measures for the year 2025, and from changes that occurred in society and human lives as a result. The report also reflected new situations arising from other confounding variables that have implications on human dignity and wellbeing, on justice, human right, communal and global peace and the conservation of the mother earth. Special thanks to our long-term partner Misereor Germany that has stood by us through thick and thin with financial and technical support to sustain our initiatives for a better country Nigeria. Thanks also to PEPFAR (United State President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief) and ACOMIN (Civil Society in Malaria Control Immunization and Nutrition)

Myriads of local and international developments shaped the patterns of our interventions in 2025. Most of these required strategic response in the year 2026. For instance, several international policies



of many nations of the global north in response to pressing domestic and regional crisis, significantly cut down their human and funding resources supporting justice, human rights, peace and development in countries of the global south like Nigeria.

Locally in Nigeria and in Osun State, developments such as numerous undemocratic developments around the Osun Local Government Election and the attendant violence and political quagmire have not only decimated the slowly rising interest of the citizens in democracy, but it has also resulted in the collapse of grassroots leadership structure. This is clear given that there is no Local Government leadership structure known to the people since February 2025. 2026 was foreseen from precedence to be a year in which there will be slow down of governance, and of politicians acting and deploying public resources for personal and group interest in view of the year of gubernatorial election in Osun State

in August 2026 and the preparation for general election of 2027. The struggle of politicians for election or reelection is also perceived by the organization as window of opportunity to advance public interests that positively affect justice, human rights and vulnerable persons.

The team of the organization has also not overlooked positive political developments such as the strength and growth of momentum in the civic space in Nigeria for the special seat for women in the state and national assemblies. The organization feels committed to strengthen its voice through strategic actions that would join with other forces to advance this course in the year 2026 and push it to realization in the advancement of inclusive democracy.

Despite the growing difficulty in accessing funds due to emergency humanitarian needs resulting from widespread global violence and war along with aforementioned factors, the organization is confident to make its impactful contributions to the advancement of justice, human rights, inclusive development and peace in the year 2026 relying on effective partnership sustainability and mobilization and the creative and responsible deployment of available resources.

The production of this document is in debt of gratitude to the team of staff of various programmes and departments who have kept timely records and presented credible reports of their programmes and have carefully worked out activities with stakeholders for the next 12 calendar months which would guarantee consistency of intervention as well as Monitoring and Evaluation for the realization of overall organizational objectives. Gratitude also to all well-disposed stakeholders engaged during the evaluation process of 2025 and the planning stages for 2026. We acknowledge the contribution of the facilitators who did not only moderate this year's retreat but are also committed to quarterly performance evaluation.



Rev. Fr. Peter Akinkunmi
General Coordinator.

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Justice and Human Rights Programme	
Democracy and Good Governance	
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ACRONYMS

AIDs-	Acquired Immune Defficiency syndrome
AG-	Attorney General
ACJL-	Administration of Criminal Justice Law
ATP-	Awaiting Trial Persons
CBO-	Community Based Organization
CBPP-	Contagious Bovine Pleuropneumonia
CJT-	Central Justice Team
CSO-	Civil Society Organization
CVR-	Continous Voter Registration
DGG –	Democracy and Good Governance
GBV-	Gender-based violence
GGC-	Good Governance Committee
HIV-	Human Immuno Deficiency Virus
JHR-	Justice and Human Right
IHD-	Integral Human Development
IITA-	International Institute for Tropical Agriculture
INEC-	Independent National Electoral Commission
IPAC-	Inter-Party Advisory Council
JDPCs-	Justice Development and Peace Committees
JDPs-	Justice Development and Peace
JDPMC-	Justice Development and Peace Makers Centre
KII-	Key Informant Interview
LGA-	Local Government Area
MOJ-	Ministry of Justice
NCS-	Nigerian Correctional Service
NSCDC-	Nigeria Security and Civil Defense Corp
OC-	Officer-in charge
OCM-	Out-Court Mediation
OSSIEC-	Osun State Independent Electoral Commission
OSACA-	Osun State Agency for the Control of AIDs
PEF-	Provincial Exchange Forum
PHC-	Primary Healthcare Centre
PME-	Programme Monitoring and Evaluation
PVC-	Permanet Voters Card
PWD-	Persons with Disability
RUDEP-	Rural Development Programme
SUFAN-	Sustainable Farmers Association of Nigeria
VAPPL-	Violence against Persons Prohibition Law



ORGANIZATIONAL DESCRIPTION

WHO WE ARE

The Justice, Development and Peace Makers' Centre Osogbo (JDPMC), is a registered Faith-based Charity, Non-Governmental, Non-political and Not-for-profit Organisation. The Organisation was established in 1995 but formally registered with CAC in 2009. As the social arm of the Catholic Church and a domestication of the Dicastery for Integral Human Development in the Catholic Diocese of Osogbo and part of the Civil Society Organizations which make up the network of Caritas Nigeria, it carries out the prophetic mission of the Church in the world through the social transformation of society without any bias to race, gender, religion, tongue or colour. The Organisation has been actively promoting social development activities aimed at improving the standard of living of people and the quality of life, alleviating the suffering of the oppressed, the marginalised and the less privileged by influencing public policies and empowering people to be self-reliant.

GOAL



To promote actions for Justice and Peace, holistic human development and solidarity towards the transformation of the world

VISION



To see all human beings, especially the poor and the less-privileged in Osun state, grow in all aspects of life

MISSION



To promote justice, sustainable development and peace.





OUR CORE VALUES

- 

Commitment to Social Justice
- 

Credibility
- 

Trustworthiness
- 

Solidarity with the less privileged
- 

Sanctity of human life and human dignity

Programmatic Description of JDPMC

RUDEP

- Peace building
- Climate smart agricultural practice
- Post Harvest management
- Agricultural extension services (Farmers & Pastoralist)
- Rural women empowerment
- Catch-them young programme
- Environmental conservation
- Networking & linkage

DGG

- Promotion of peaceful and sustainable Democracy
- Advocates for political inclusion and good governance
- Budget monitoring and tracking
- Promote credible Election Civic education
- Socio-political youth engagement

IHD

- Promotion of Preventive health
- Provision of Adolescent sexual and reproductive health services
- Promotion of gender equality and development
- Promotion of Child's rights and welfare
- Empowerment of vulnerable population
- Advocacies against Female Genital Mutilation (FGM)

JHR

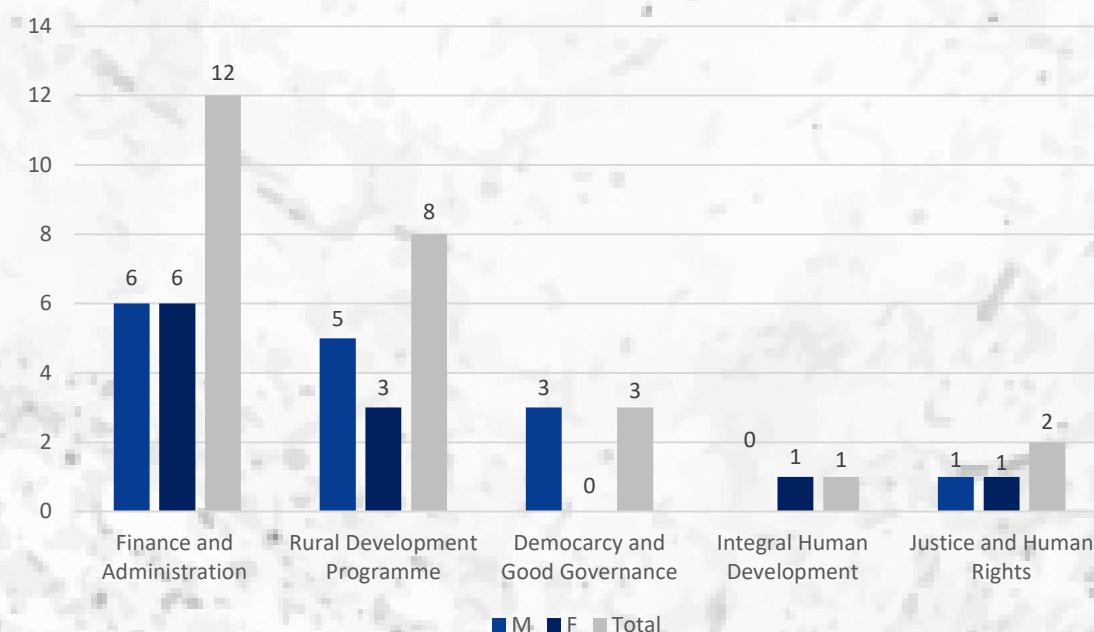
- Civic Education
- Promotion of Alternative Dispute Resolution
- Free legal aid for indigent persons
- Rehabilitation and reintegration of released inmates
- Rehabilitation of children in conflict with the law
- Advocacy for policy reforms and enhancement
- Support for survivors of Gender Based Violence

HUMAN RESOURCE

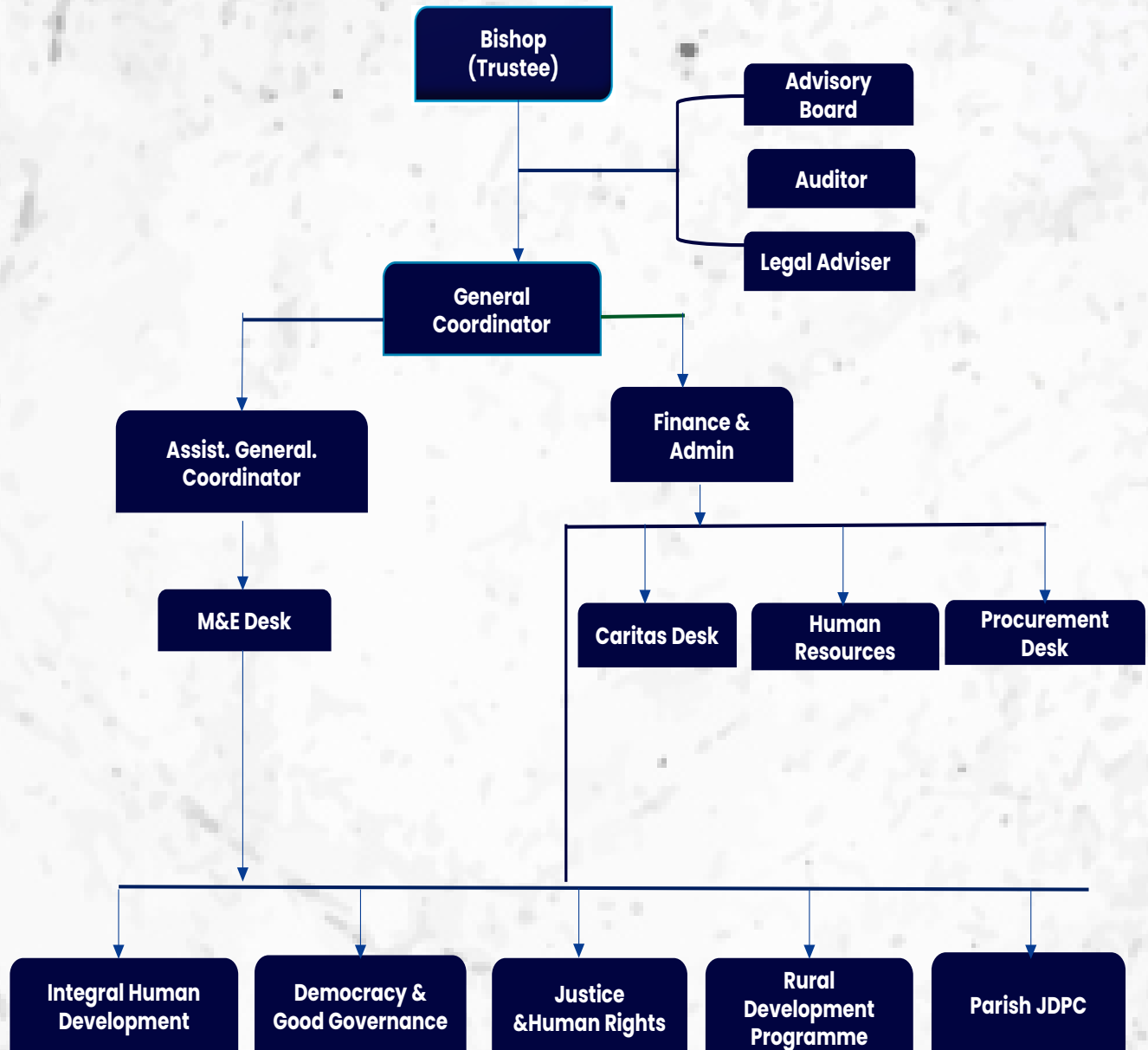
The Bishop of the Catholic Diocese of Osogbo is the Legal Holder and Sole Trustee of the organization. The General Coordinator represents the Legal Holder in the management of the organization, while the Assistant Coordinator deputizes the General Coordinator by carrying on with the designated administration activities of the organization. In the same vein, Programme management, project development, implementation, monitoring and evaluation are handled by experienced, committed, selfless and passionate lead-persons with the requisite integrity in the various departments of the organization alongside other technically competent organization staff. The organization has a 14 member board and a 7 member technical board for its Rural Development Programme.

Currently, JDPMC operates with 26 full-time staff in 5 departments: General Administration, Rural Development, Democracy and Governance, Justice and Human Rights and Integral Human Development with over 1,500 volunteers across the country. These aforementioned departments are well-designed and very effective in need-oriented, gender-inclusive, indigent and vulnerable group- sensitive interventions.

Organizational staff strength



ORGANOGRAM



PROGRAMME REPORTS FOR THE YEAR 2025



JUSTICE AND HUMAN RIGHTS PROGRAMME

PROGRAMME GOAL: To promote peaceful co-existence through promotion of respect for human rights



PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES

01

To promote quick dispensation of criminal justice through effective implementation of ACJL

02

To promote respect for the rights of children

03

To promote public intolerance to Gender Based Violence (GBV)

Legal Aid &
Rehabilitation
Support



Capacity building
programmes &
awareness creation



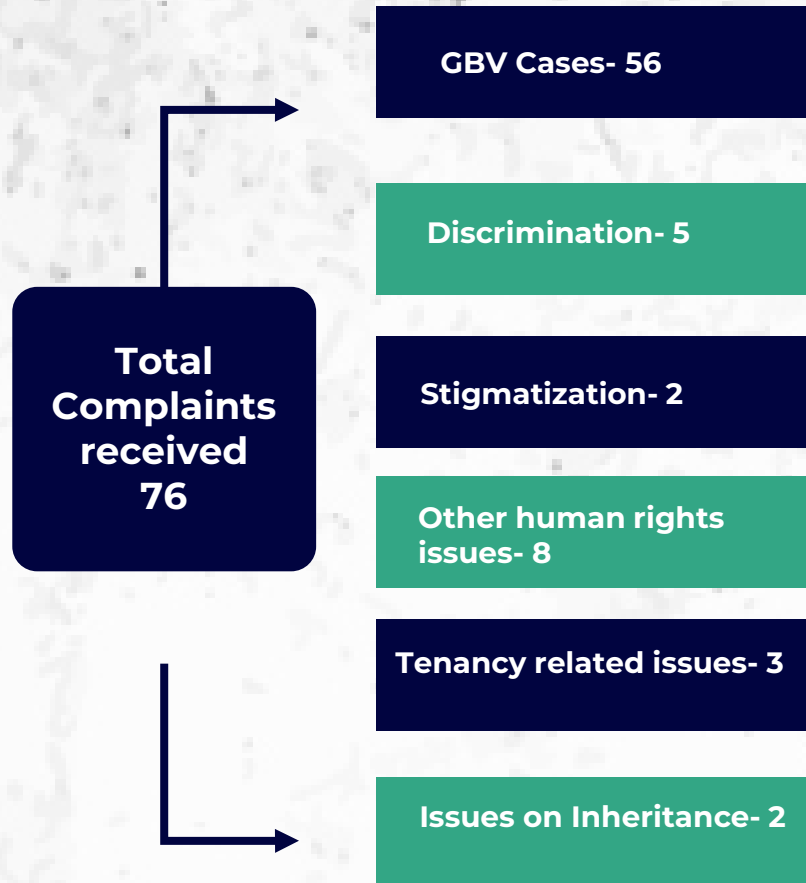
STRATEGIES

Advocacy for policy
reforms



Promoting the use of
Alternative Dispute
Resolution mechanism





OBJECTIVE ONE OUTPUTS

1. Legal aid to 13 awaiting trial persons and 9 suspects
2. 1 Biannual meeting of ACJL Civil Society Group
3. 3 security and community forum held at Ikirun, Ede and Awo communities
4. 4 visits to both custodial centers and 13 ATPs interviewed
5. advocacy visits to Amotekun, Commissioner MOJ, director Social Welfare & NCS

6.

4 radio programme episodes aired on improved criminal justice system

7.

3 visits to communities & 20 sittings of each OCM with 100 beneficiaries

8.

Commemoration of 2025 International Human Rights day held

9.

workshop on community peacebuilding and the need for collaboration among community leaders/members and security agencies held with 8 communities

OUTCOMES

Rights to fair hearing of 13 ATPs protected. Resulting in release of 6 & conviction of 1

1

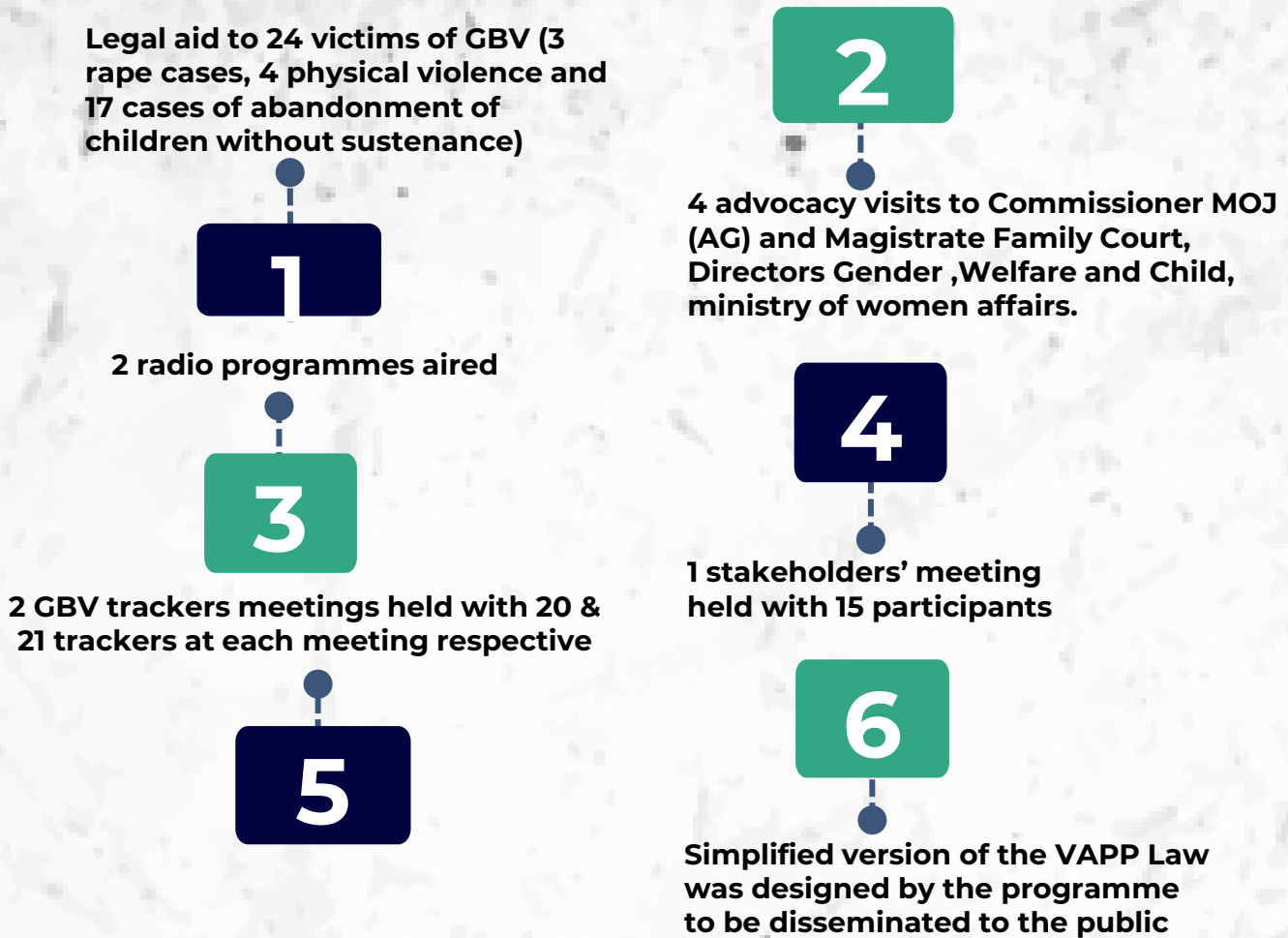
Reduced touting in Ikirun through Partnership & collaboration between the community & security agents

2

Rights of 9 criminal suspects were protected against arbitrary detention. Resulting in release of the 9 within 24 hours.

3

OBJECTIVE TWO OUTPUTS



OUTCOMES

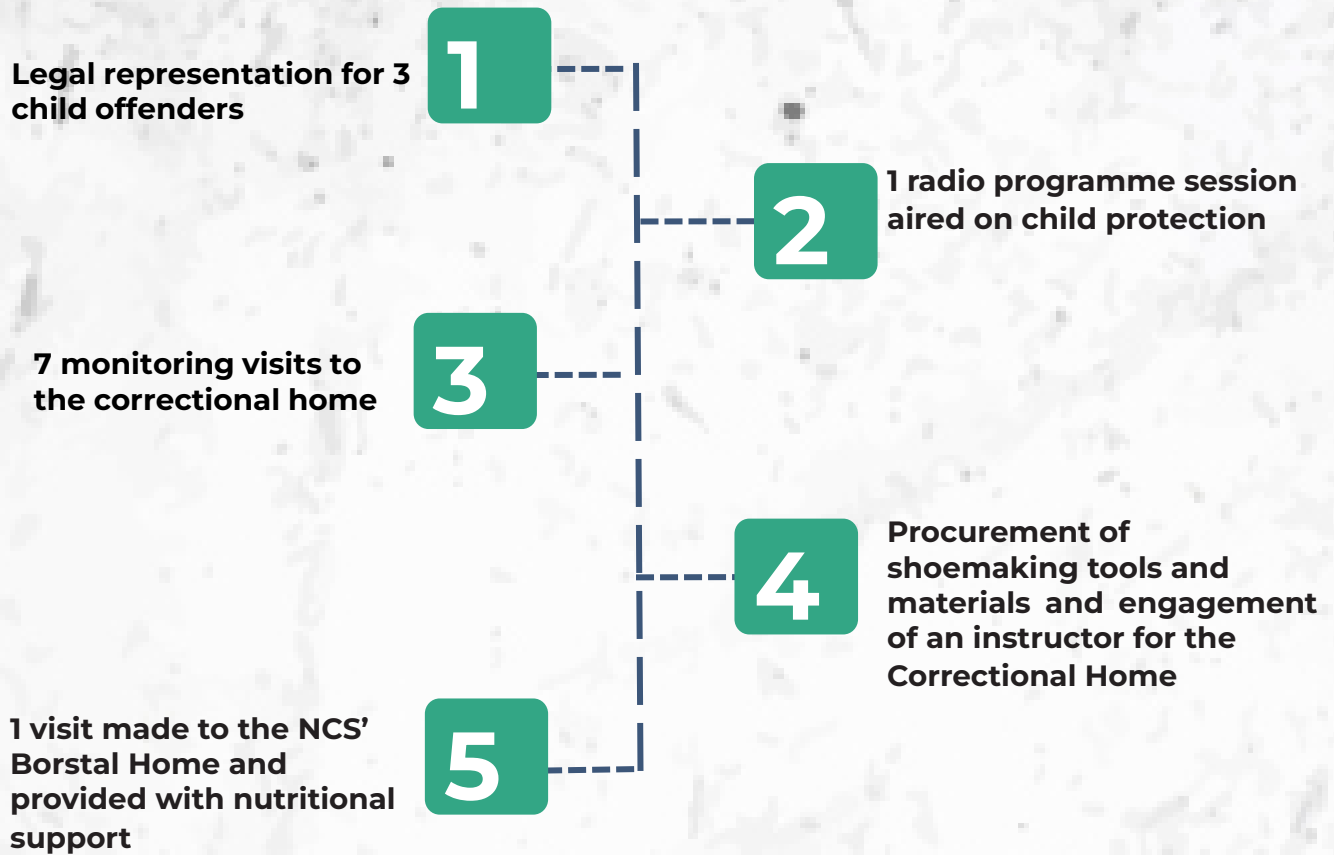
GBV trackers identified the lack of adequate sensitization for increase in GBV cases & have begun sensitization in their respective communities

Six women regained their rights to economic support for their children from the fathers of the children.



Children from six households provided with basic necessities.

OBJECTIVE THREE OUTPUTS



OUTCOMES

Through effective advocacy, agreement has been reached for commencement of shoemaking at the Osun state children correctional home

4 of the children enrolled by the programme at the Borstal home in 2022 and supported in 2023, 2024 concluded their programme in October, 2025

CHALLENGES

Unwillingness of victims/
survivors of GBV to
prosecute perpetrators

04

01

Escape of one child
offender being given
legal support

02

Insufficient Osun State
judicial human resource

03

Communal clashes between
Ifon and Ilobu affected the
community-based mediation
programmes.



SUCCESS STORIES

Four children in conflict with the law who were remanded in the Osun state correctional home for an average of 6months without adequate rehabilitation programmes were registered by JDPMC in 2022 for a 3 years rehabilitation and skills acquisition programme at the Nigeria Correctional Service Borstal home, Abeokuta, Ogun state. JDPMC visited the children and provided welfare support in the course of their programme. In November, 2025, they completed their programme after acquiring skills in shoemaking, barbing and tailoring respectively and returned to the Osun state correctional home

3 women whose husbands abandoned children with, without support but continue to struggle to provide for the children alone for years were provided free legal services by JDPMC. Through the legal services, the husbands started providing financial support for the children according to the order of the court.

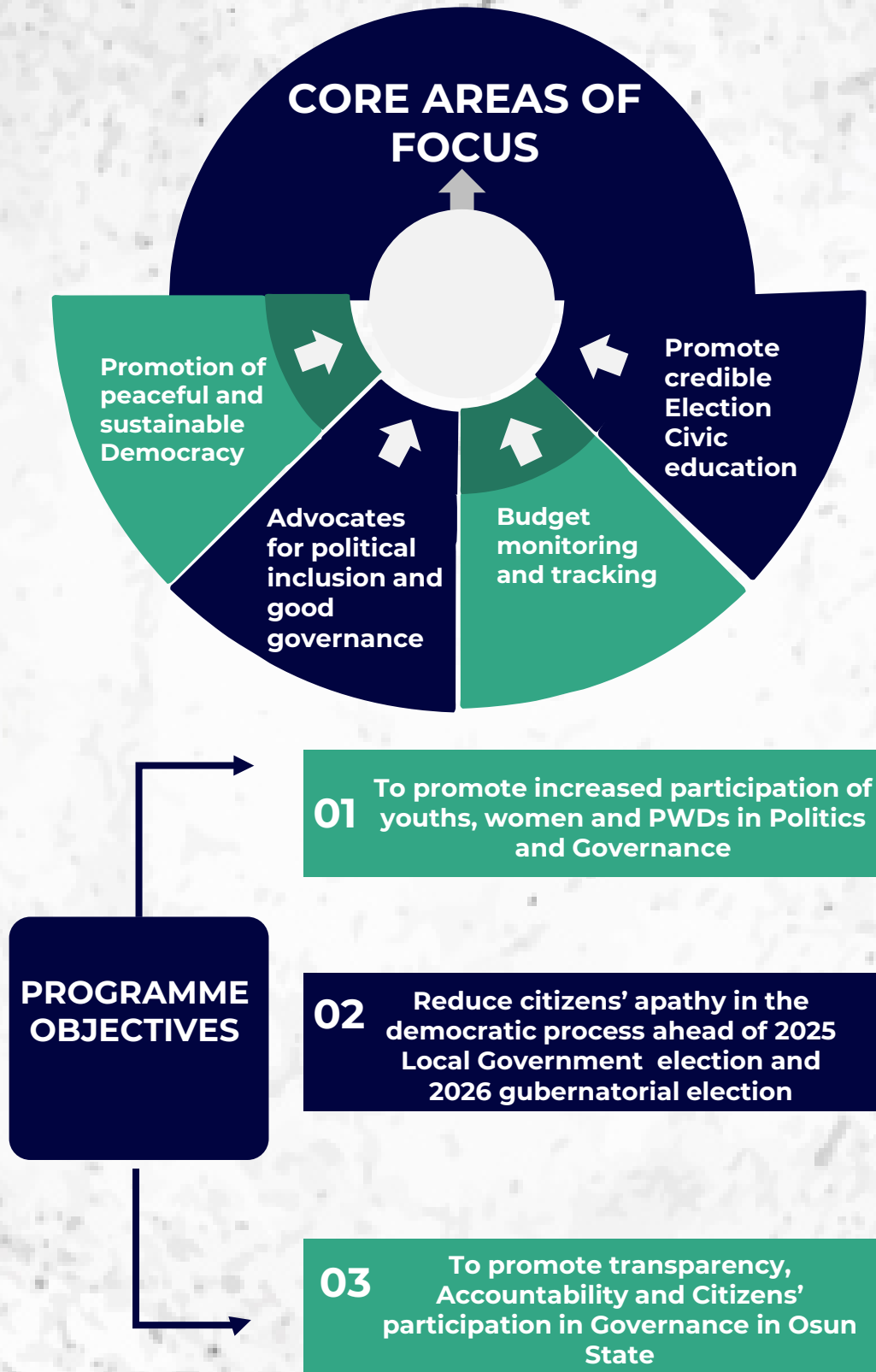




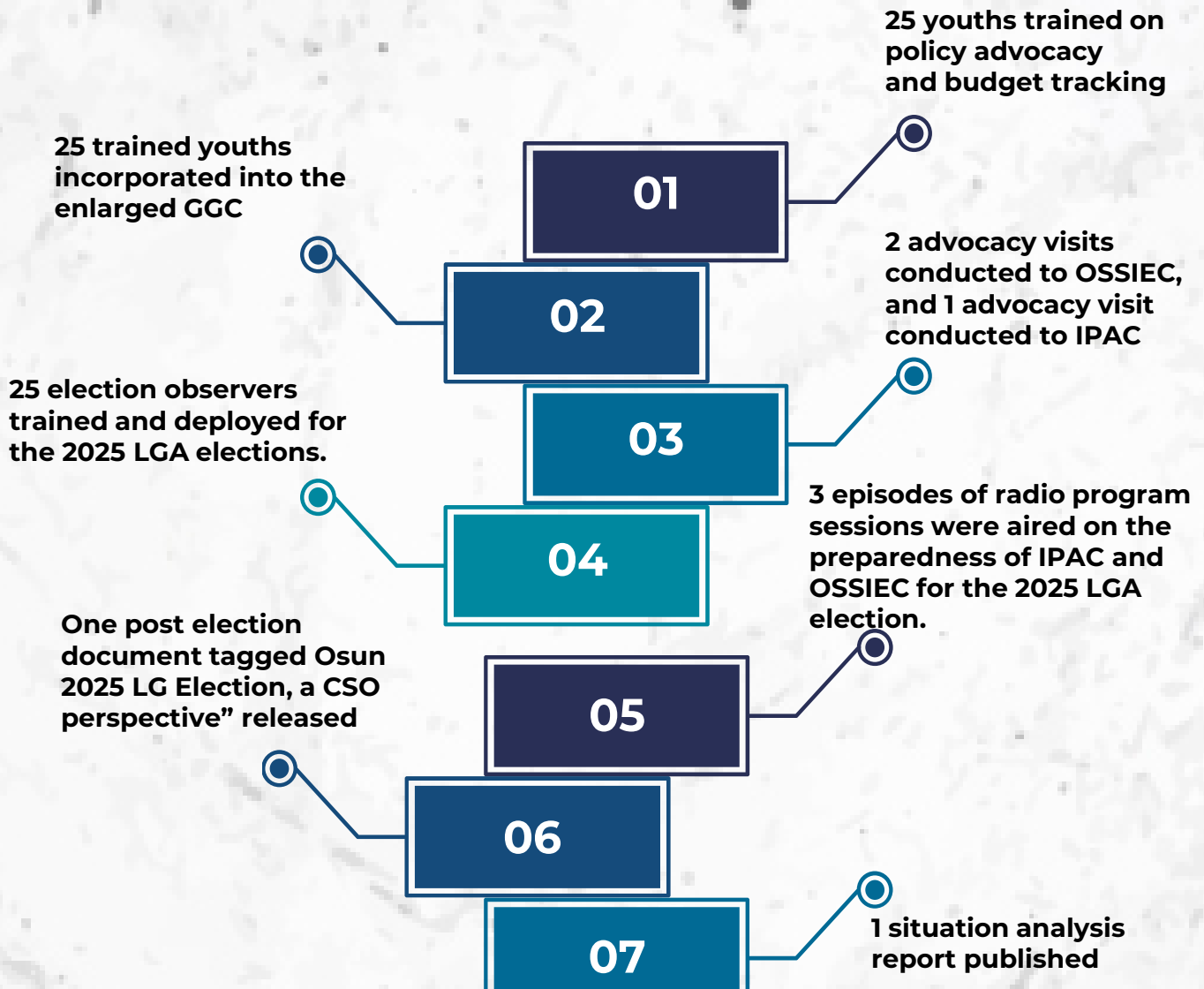
DEMOCRACY AND GOOD GOVERNANCE

PROGRAMME GOAL: Promoting citizens' participation in democratic process through citizens's productive engagement with different stakeholders in Osun State





OBJECTIVE ONE OUTPUTS



OBJECTIVE TWO OUTPUTS



5 grassroot sensitizations on CVR held across 5 LGAs reaching Over 10,000 grassroot dwellers.

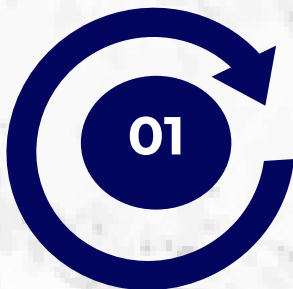


CVR exercise tracked in 5 selected LGAs



Three episodes of live radio program aired to sensitize citizens on the CVR by INEC

OUTCOME



Radio program sensitizations and community mobilizations on Continuous Voters Registration (CVR) contributed to increased number of new registrants that was observed in the first phase of the CVR

OBJECTIVE THREE OUTPUTS

- 1 Osun state 2025 Budget on Agriculture analyzed, simplified and shared with other CSOs
- 2 Osun Eye on our Money web portal renewed
- 3 Government project tracked through the Eye on our money portal
- 4 10 radio program episodes aired on Rave F.M. to discuss issues ranging from defections, ADC coalition etc
- 5 One annual independence Day celebrated
- 6 Technical and financial support given to Orolu, Ejigbo, Odo-Otin, Egbedore and Ede south GGCs on the CVR exercise
- 7 One annual gathering of the Enlarged GGC held
- 8 Two (2) advocacy paid to the permanent secretary of the Ministry of Education and the Auditor general of the state
- 9 One annual democracy day commemorated

OUTCOMES

- GGC now organize community townhall engagement on their own as a result of capacity building received from JDPMC
- Willingness of stakeholders in making some public financial data available to the public
- GGC members and selected CSOs now track government budget

SUCCESS STORIES

GOOD GOVERNANCE COMMITTEES OF JDPMC COLLABORATED WITH INEC TO CARRY OUT CITIZENS SENSITISATION ON PVC COLLECTION AND CVR EXERCISE.

There has been low level of awareness in terms of PVC collection in Osun State. This made Osun to be the state with the highest number of uncollected PVC in the year 2023. In addressing this problem, the Good Governance Committee (GGC) of JDPMC for the first time collaborated with INEC at the local government level in carrying out Voter's education in major markets in selected LGA area of Osun State to sensitize the citizens on the need to get collect their PVC to enable them vote in the next State election. This intervention led to the reduction in the number of uncollected PVCs in the selected LGAs. Additionally, the GGC was also able to organize community town-hall with INEC Electoral Officers at the local government level in the state during the CVR exercise and this also contributed to increase in the number of new registrants in the selected LGAs.

BUDGET SIMPLIFICATION IN OSUN STATE HELPED CITIZENS IN MAKING INFORMED DECISION ON GOVERNANCE ISSUES.

In the past, Osun citizens have always not interested in knowing the content of the budget of the state owing to the bulky nature of the state budget. As a result, many citizens found it difficult to know the provisions made by the government for their communities and this has hindered citizens engagement with the government owing to lack of information on the budget. This problem has also hindered citizens in making informed decision as a result of lack of information. JDPMC intervened by simplifying the budget of the state through the use of infographics in order to provide concise and detailed information about the budget. This made citizens and other CSOs got interested in knowing the content of the budget as a result of its simplification by requesting for simplified copies. Many Civil society organisations also used the simplified budget in engaging some stakeholders and also sensitized citizens of Osun State with the simplified copies and this has made some of the community members in engaging relevant stakeholders at the grassroot and taken informed decisions on governance issues in their communities.

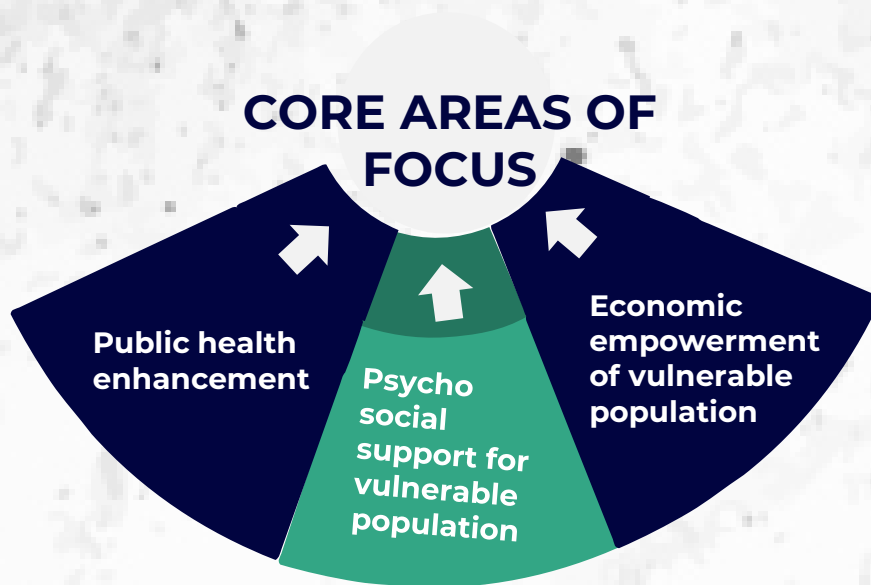




INTEGRAL HUMAN DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

PROGRAMME GOAL: To promote public health and wellbeing of vulnerable populations in Osun State communities





PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES



To enhance access of vulnerable children and victims of child abuse to education, welfare and protection supports in 5 LGAs of Osun State



To increase awareness on public health issues among adolescents and general population in Osun state.



Provision of technical and financial empowerment for 60 vulnerable youth and women in Osun state.

OBJECTIVE ONE OUTPUTS



5 School Outreaches on the rights of the child



5 Advocacy visits to relevant stakeholders on issues of child welfare



3 vulnerable pupils receive nutritional support while 32 received educational support

OUTCOME



The welfare conditions of the 35 vulnerable children supported have improved

OBJECTIVE TWO OUTPUTS



15 advocacy visits were carried out to relevant stakeholders to discuss issues of public health



5 HIV/AIDs sensitization programme tagged “Campus Storm” held in 5 higher institutions



60 peer educators on HIV/AIDs were trained and engaged



30 Vox Pop produced and shared across different social media handles



OUTCOME

Increased informed discussion on HIV/AIDS related issues by adolescent and young persons on social media.

SUCCESS STORIES

HIV /AIDS IINTERVENTION ACROSS THE 3 SENATORIAL DISTRICT IN THE STATE

Problem: Low awareness and limited engagement among adolescents, youth, and key populations on HIV/AIDS, leading to poor knowledge of HIV status and risky health behaviors across Osun State triggered the need to strategically conduct statewide HIV/AIDS awareness across the three senatorial districts.

Intervention: Meeting young people where they are on campuses and digital platforms.(social media X, IG, Facebook to capture their attention) Through these social media engagement, the project not only amplified awareness but also inspired behavioral change.

Result: A notable example is Mrs. Joy Abiodun, who shared during an X-space session that the intervention motivated her to take interest in knowing her HIV status. The impact extended beyond individuals to institutions. Following a campus storm at Federal Polytechnic Ede, the institution's management recommended the initiative to Adeleke University, demonstrating strong stakeholder confidence and demand for expansion.

Additionally, the intervention attracted collaborations with youth initiatives like Aero Bond, further broadening its reach. Its visibility and relevance were further validated when a private television station in Osogbo aired a free documentary showcasing the project's innovations and impact.

Overall, the intervention significantly increased awareness, strengthened partnerships, and positioned HIV education as a priority among young people in Osun State.

PHC IINTERVENTION AT IGBAJO, ERIPA. OKE OMI and iRESI

Problem: In Igbajo, Eripa, Oke Omi, and Iresi communities, Primary Health Centres (PHCs) were struggling to deliver reliable and trusted services. Community members were not actively engaged, health workers were inconsistent with night and weekend duties, and critical infrastructure like the solar power system in Iresi was failing.

Intervention Strategy: JDPMC stepped in with a focused and sustained approach. Through advocacy visits, community dialogues, and continuous engagement with traditional, religious, and political leaders as well as health authorities, the organization reactivated the Ward Development Committee (WDC) and ensured it played its role in supporting facility operations.

Result/Outcome: The transformative result generated from the intervention began with the WDC in Eripa is now fully active which has helped to restore community trust and increase utilization of services. Health workers have resumed regular night and weekend shifts, ensuring round-the-clock access to care. The solar system at Iresi PHC has been repaired, restoring reliable power supply, while the WDC has taken initiative to provide essential consumables like gloves.

Today, these PHCs are more responsive, better supported, and increasingly trusted by the communities they serve, demonstrating how coordinated advocacy and community-driven action can significantly improve primary healthcare delivery.





RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

PROGRAMME GOAL: To improve the livelihood of the marginalised and vulnerable farmers and pastoralists in the rural communities within the jurisdiction of the Catholic Diocese of Osogbo



PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES

1

Active engagement of stakeholders in community-driven multi-stakeholder synergy platforms for peacebuilding and early warning de-escalation mechanism

2

Farmers and pastoralists adopt environmental and climate change adaptation and impact mitigation measures

3

Target communities adopt evidence-based, labour-saving, risks reducing and cost-effective sustainable and eco-friendly crops and livestock production practices

4

450 Marginalized and vulnerable youth entrepreneurs gained access to and meaningfully utilized demand-driven sustainable agribusiness initiatives, skills enhancement and mentorship opportunities

5

Target communities adopt evidence-based, labour-saving, risks reducing and cost-effective sustainable and eco-friendly crops and livestock production practices

OBJECTIVE ONE OUTPUTS

01

Quarterly peacebuilding held across the 4 zones for both farmers and pastoralist communities' peace and watchers' committees

02

Quarterly peace building meetings held in 5 pastoralist communities and 4 farmers groups

03

1 Bi-annual dialogue Centralized Peace Building Meeting

04

Bi-monthly community-based dialogue on the use of available grazing land and left-over fodder held across the 4 zones for both farmers and herders

OUTCOMES

01

Farmers and Herders have an enhanced interest in sustaining peaceful coexistence platforms

02

Pastoralist stuck to the advises and grazed animals around the marginals areas and there was improved socio-cultural relationship among the pastoralist and farmers

OBJECTIVE TWO OUTPUTS



OUTCOME



OBJECTIVE THREE OUTPUTS

Advocacy visit made to the Ministry of Agriculture and its relevant departments

01

2 Local Innovation Ambassadors (LIAs) workshops conducted with 145 trained

02

52 Radio programmes aired on various topics

03

Facilitated bi-annually issue-based sustainable crops and animal production training, and assessment in 39 farmers groups and 35 pastoralist groups

04

2 para -vet training facilitated for pastoralist and farmers.

05

Vaccinated 3,860 cattle against CBPP and treated/dewormed 358 small ruminants

06

07

Each of the 145 LIAs disseminated research findings to at least 5 other farmers in their respective groups

Annual stakeholders' Forum was held.

08

OUTCOMES

01

Farmers led research identified new plants (Masquerade tree leaves, bitterleaves used for Integrated pest management.

02

Increasing demand for livestock veterinary services among pastoralists.

03

One trained para-vet at Gaa Ikifin can handle and administer vaccines.

04

Young para-vet Usman from Oke-Osun recorded 16 calvings in his herd due to the adoption of best practices

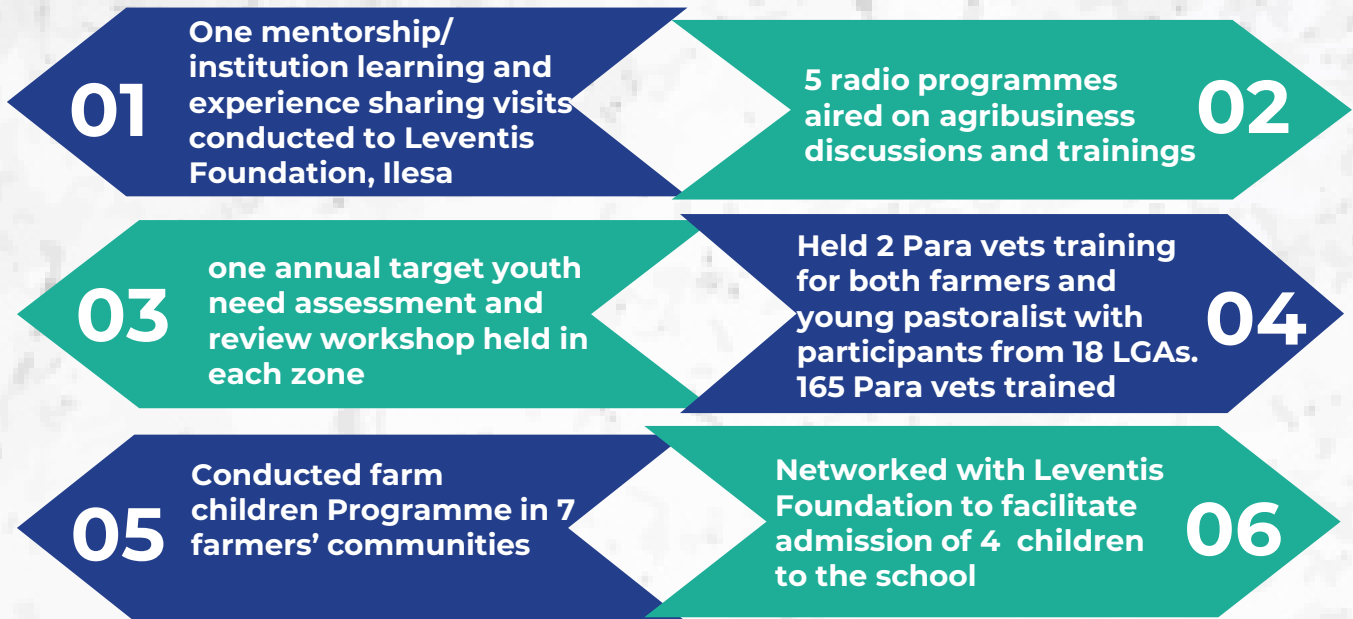
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Increasing adoption of local innovation

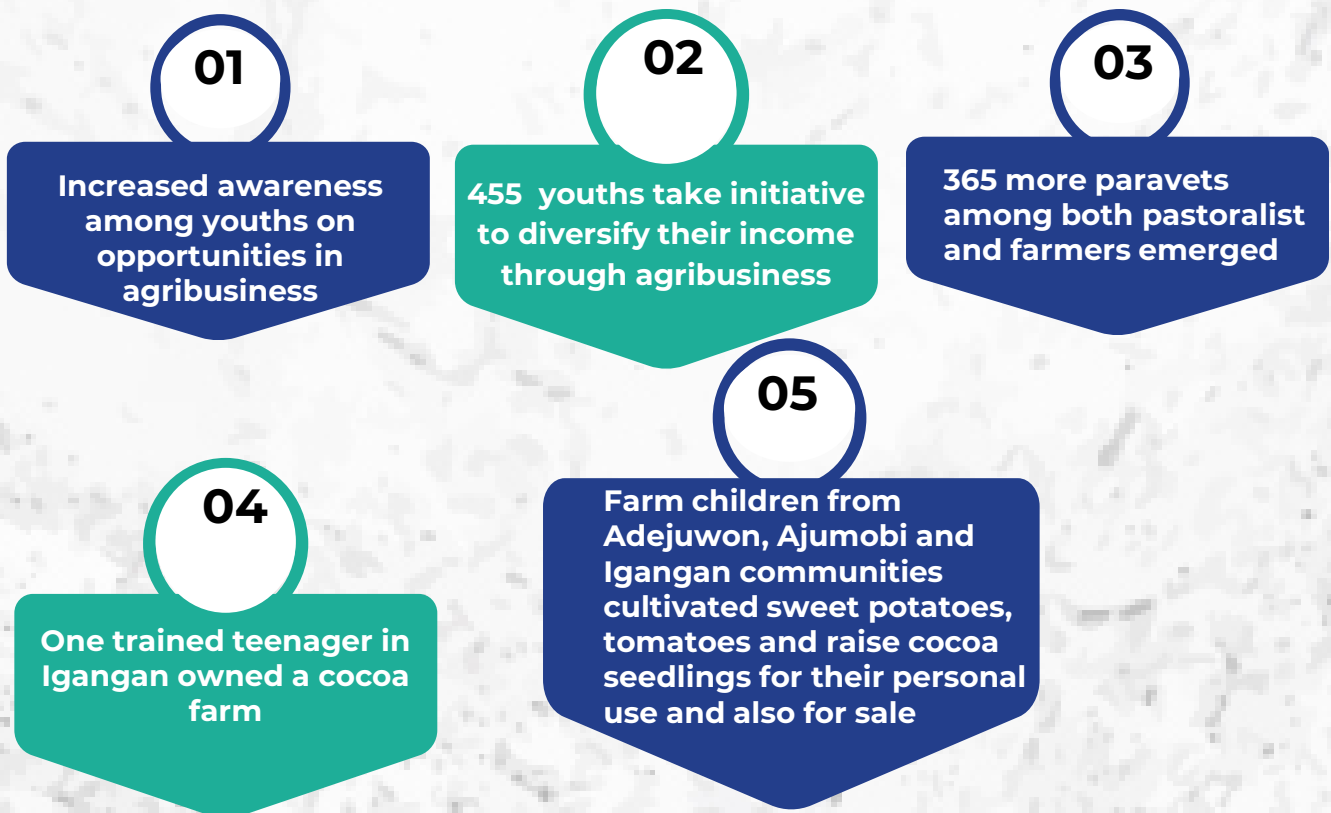
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Improved coexistence between farmers and herders

OBJECTIVE FOUR OUTPUTS



OUTCOMES



OBJECTIVE FIVE OUTPUTS

Facilitated partnership with IITA and Leventis Foundation

01

Conducted 1 annual project review meeting among leaders of target groups

02

Conducted 1 self-help project management committee workshop in each zone.

03

12 Farmers groups Facilitated independent advocacy to LGAs in target communities

04

Organized 2 technical Board Meeting

05

Participate in 3 and host one Provincial Exchange Forum (PEF),

06

3 new groups were visited and follow up calls made

07

OUTCOMES



Improved self-help project management among groups



IITA partnered with the Ildominasi Farmers group in the cultivation of improved varieties of cassava

SUCCESS STORIES

NEED-ORIENTED INTERVENTION PROMOTE TRUST BUILDING AMONG TARGET HERDERS

Before 2017, pastoralists communities have viewed development practitioners and State actors with caution and suspicions. Their animals are often kept away from communities and they rely solely on traditional methods of animal treatment which is often not efficient. This has made it difficult for development practitioners to penetrate their communities and actively engage them in development and peacebuilding activities. This mistrust was probably shaped by different reasons ranging from misconceptions about their occupational realities, unmet promises, marginalization and stigmatization from their host communities. As a way of addressing this challenge, the programme adopted a need-oriented intervention and relationship building approach to win their trust, understand the context of their needs and proffer possible solutions. As a result of years of trust building, pastoralists now demonstrate cooperation and receptivity of the programme as they now freely release their animals for treatment. In addition to several para-vet trainings, that have enabled the herders to administer first aid treatments to their livestock, more than 5,000 cattle have been vaccinated against Contagious Bovine Pleuro Pneumonia at no cost, which has greatly improved the health of the herd and reduced mortality.

LOCAL INNOVATION/ORGANIC PRACTICES IMPACTS

Research has proven that 90% of local farmers in Nigeria especially the small holder farmers rely heavily on the use of synthetic pesticides and fertilizers on their farms. Besides the fact that these hazardous chemical pose serious threats to the health of the farmer and food consumers, they also affect the functional ecosystem as they cause pollution and loss of biodiversity. Although a larger percentage of the farmers are not aware of the dangers in the use of these chemicals, the small percentage that are aware do not have the right knowledge and also do not have alternatives. The Local Innovation Ambassadors(LIAs) were inaugurated to actively participate in the research on local innovations that have competitive advantage over these chemicals and also disseminate the findings to other farmers. Currently, with the research findings of the constituted 145 LIAs, tangible and evidence-based finding have been discovered on local pesticides and fertilizers which make farmers produce safe, eco friendly crops and animals at reduced cost. The cassava demonstration plot at Idominasi recorded outstanding results through farmers' local innovations, surprising to IITA representatives who confirmed no fertilizer was required.

MULTI-STAKEHOLDER DIALOGUE PLATFORM PROMOTE PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE BETWEEN FARMERS AND HERDERS.

Ineffective collaboration and communication underpin conflict escalations in rural communities, especially when it comes to managing farmers-herders conflicts. Pathetically, there have not been any significantly functional platforms at the community, local government and state levels where farmers and pastoralists come together periodically to discuss issues that trigger conflicts between them. Where that seldom happens, such meetings always end with altercations, and as a result, end in unmeaningful conversations. However, as a result of the peacebuilding dialogue platforms that have been established in farmers' and pastoralists' communities where issues relating to peace were constantly discussed, farmers and pastoralists now engage in meaningful conversation on how they can accommodate each other and co exist peacefully. For example, the last centralized peacebuilding meeting organized by the Rural Development Programme of JDPMC, had in attendance the Seriki Fulani and SUFA President with other representatives from both the farmers and pastoralists, and for the first time they were able to have peaceful and engaging deliberations. Farmers and pastoralists were able to identify the issues that cause conflict between them and come up with possible solutions together.

FARM CHILDREN RESULTED IN YOUTH AGRIPRENEUR

Agricultural Production has been characterized with low youth involvement and participation. This trend has significantly affected the rate of production since production varies inversely with age. To attain food security, more youths should actively engage in agricultural activities. The “catch-them-young” activity was introduced to change the perception and attitude of the younger ones to agriculture. With this programme more communities' children and youth are now actively involved in agricultural activities, which has not in any way affected their focus to education. For example, Abraham Omoniyi is a youth that started as a farm child in Kajola Alaago community. He is now a successful agripreneur with pig farm after graduating from Leventis Foundation, Ilesa.

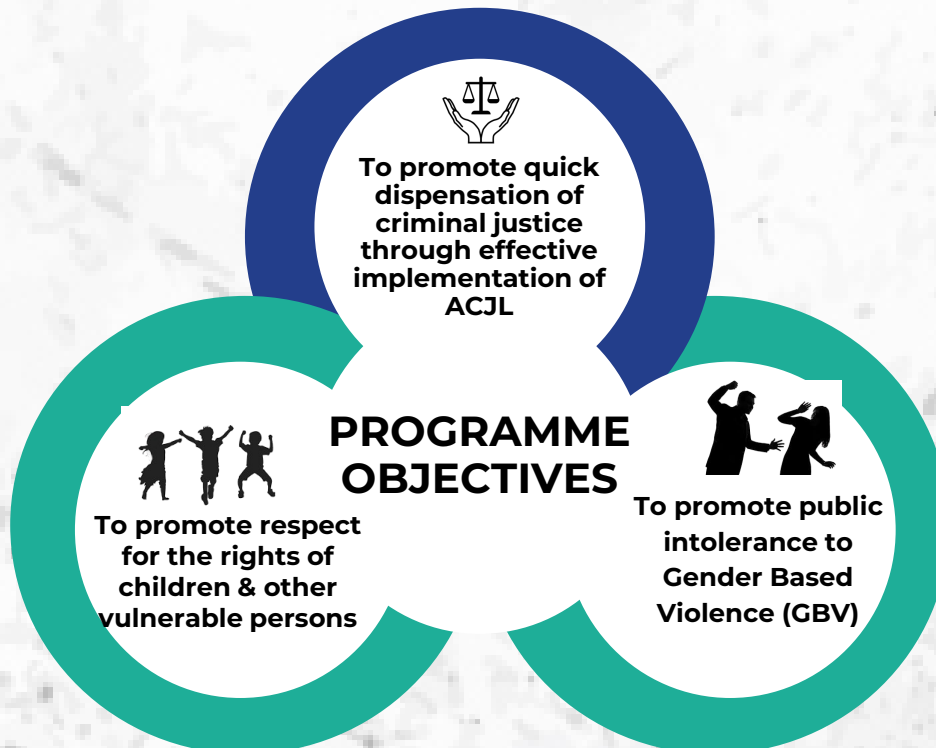
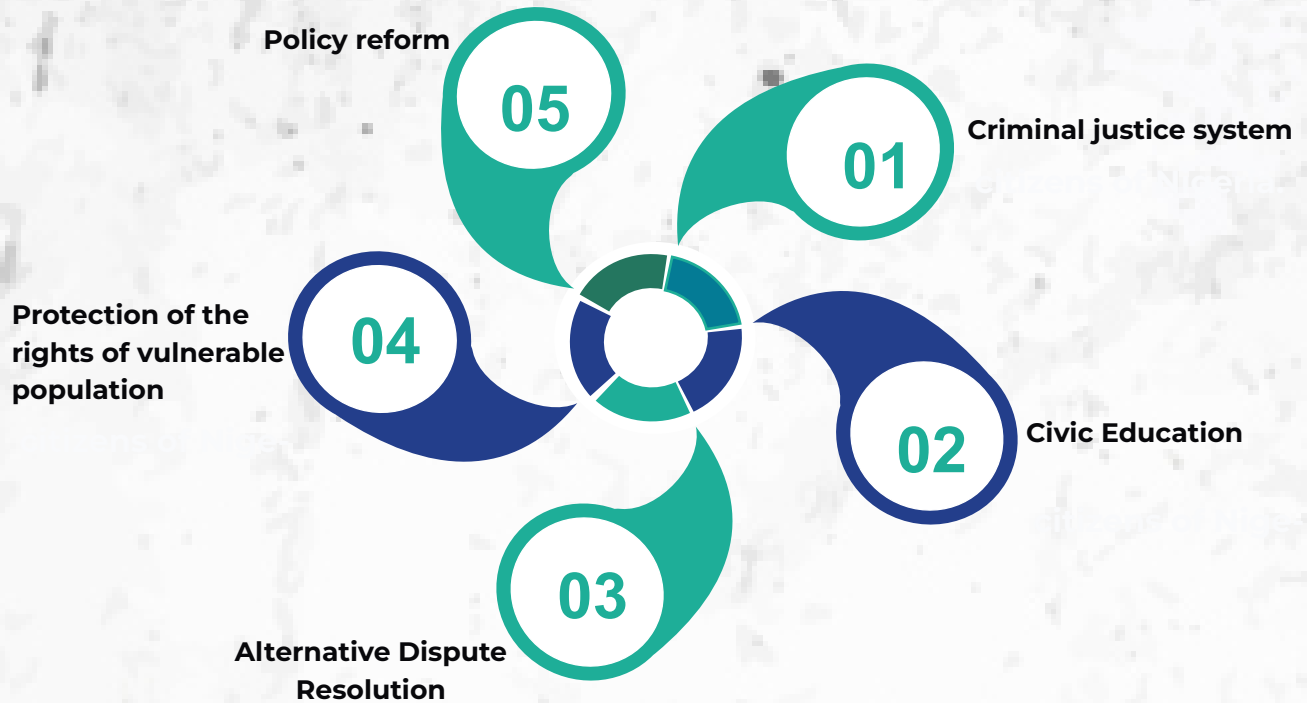




2026 PROJECTIONS

JUSTICE AND HUMAN RIGHTS PROGRAMME

THEMATIC AREAS OF FOCUS



Objectives 1: To promote quick dispensation of criminal justice through effective implementation of ACJL

PLANNED ACTIVITIES



EXPECTED OUTCOMES

1

The rights to fair trial of 15 ATPs protected & 10 others protected against arbitrary arrest/detention

2

At least 10 inmates empowered with skill (artisan) for gainful employment at their release

3

5 new traditional councils are incorporated into the JDPMC programme & commenced resolution of disputes in their local communities through out of court mediation

4

At least 5 issues challenging implementation of the ACJL addressed by the State ACJL Monitoring Committee after inauguration

Objectives 2: To promote public intolerance to Gender Based Violence (GBV)

PLANNED ACTIVITIES

1

Legal Aid

Legal aid to 20 victims/survivors of GBV in 1 year

Biannual meeting of the GBV trackers

2

2 GBV trackers meetings held with 48 trackers at each meeting and 50 sensitization carried out and 40 cases tracked in 1st and 3rd quarters

Annual stakeholders' meeting

3

One stakeholders' meeting held with 25 participants in 2nd quarter

Economic empowerment

4

Economic empowerment of 5 vulnerable women.

Radio programmes

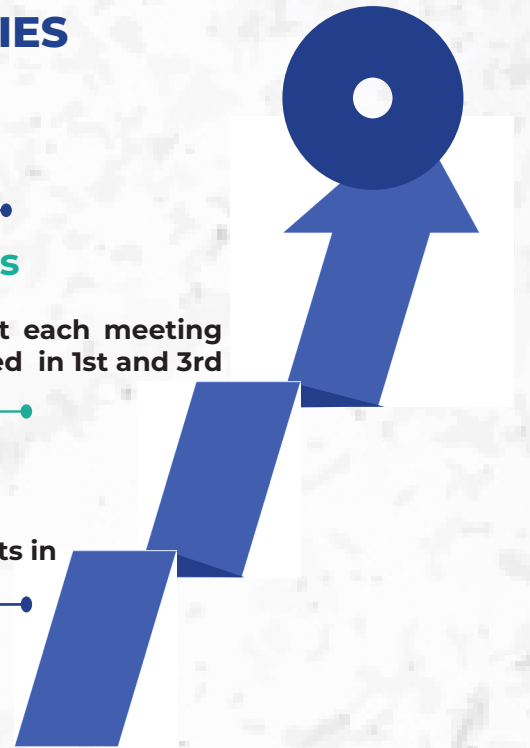
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5 radio programmes aired with 4 million listeners in 1 year

Advocacy visits

6

5 advocacy visits to 5 different stakeholders in 1st and 2nd quarter



EXPECTED OUTCOMES

1

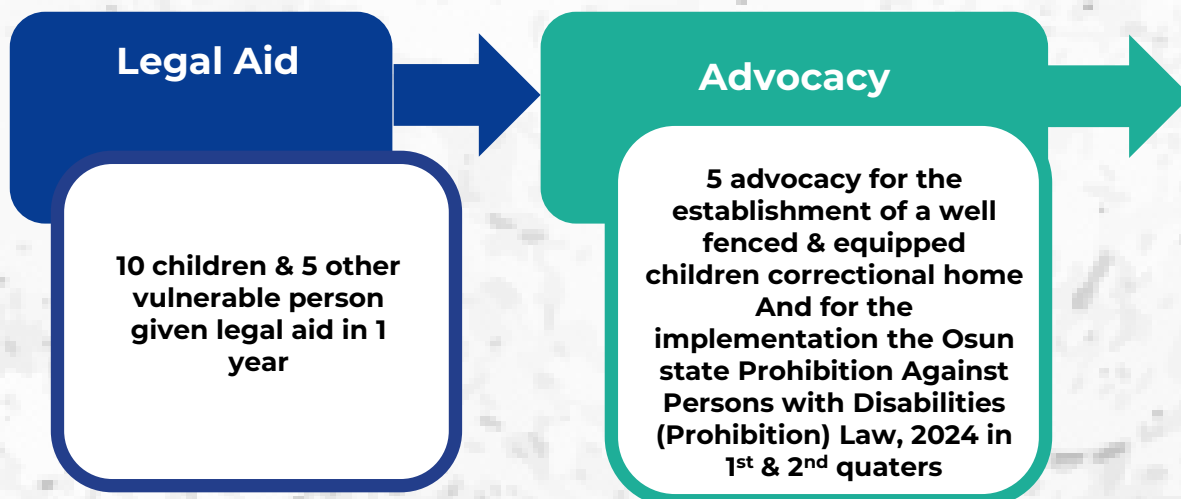
The rights of 20 Victims/Survivors of GBV upheld

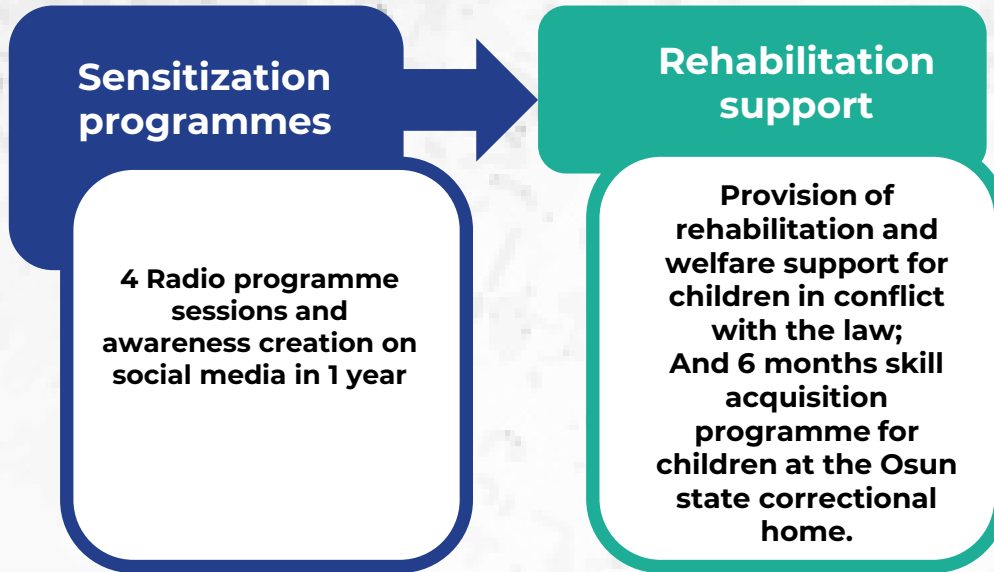
2

5 GBV survivors/victims gained financial independence and survive above degrading condition

Objectives 3: To promote respect for the rights of children & other vulnerable persons

PLANNED ACTIVITIES





EXPECTED OUTCOMES

1

Rights to fair trial of 10 children protected & 5 other vulnerable persons protected against discrimination & stigmatization

2

5 child offenders acquire skills for economic sustenance

Objective 4: To build the capacity of Parish JDPs toward the promotion of human rights in Catholic Diocese of Osogbo

PLANNED ACTIVITIES

**Workshops on fundamental rights and enforcement procedures
& legal framework on GBV**

**8 training workshops, 2 for each of the deaneries with 600
participants in total in 2nd & 3rd quarters**

Incorporation of JDPs into ACJL Group & GBV trackers

**8 members of JDPs incorporated into ACJL Group & 10 into GBV
trackers in 2nd & 3rd quarters**

EXPECTED OUTCOME

1

**Concrete/practical actions taken by the parish JDPs in at least 10 cases to
promote rights of victims of human rights violation
JDPs observed ACJL implementation & track at least 16 cases of GBV**

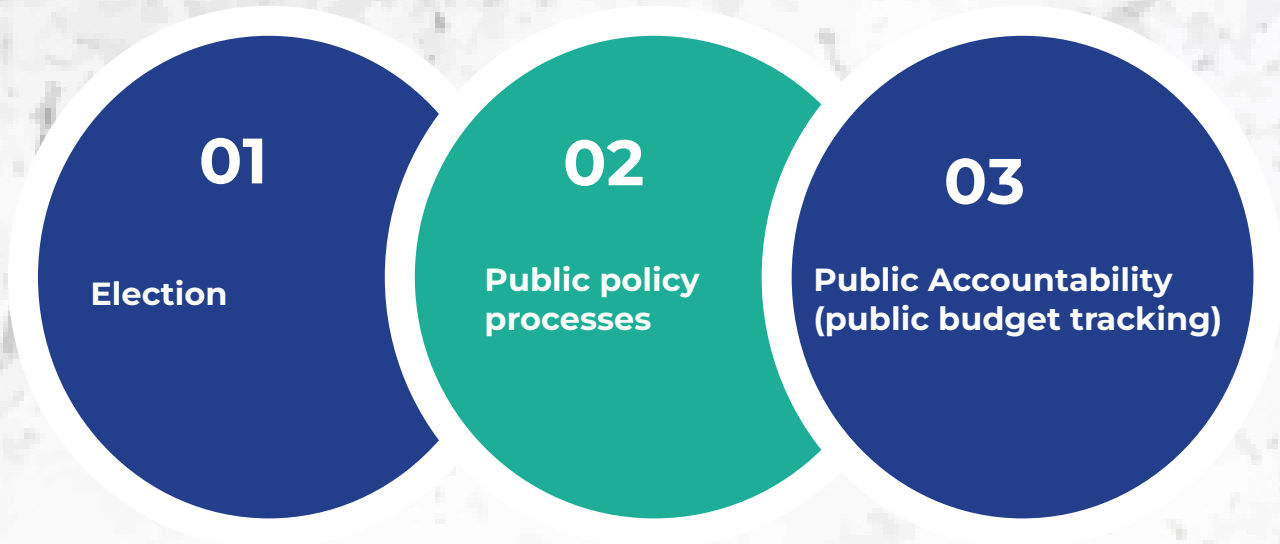
STAKEHOLDERS

1. Nigeria Police
2. Nigeria Security and Civil Defence corps
3. Osun State Judiciary
4. National Human Rights Commission, Osun State Office
5. Legal Aid Council of Nigeria, Osun State Office
6. Osun State Ministry of Justice
7. Osogbo, Ikirun and Ife Branches of the Nigeria Bar Association
8. FIDA
9. Misereor
10. Rave FM
11. Traditional leaders from Okebode, Ila-Ijesa, Ifon-Osun, Erin-Osun, Ipetumodu, Ipetu-Ile, Ibalajjesa, Ikirun, and Awo
12. Nigeria Correctional Service, Osun state command

Risk	Mitigation strategy
1 Delay in release of fund donor agency	The programme shall continue to implement activities that are not of high financial cost.
2 Force majeure (weather)	The project shall work in line with weather forecast.
3 Poor cooperation of State and non-state actors	The programme shall embark on thorough stakeholders' analysis to know the interest of each State actors in the project
4 Strike action by state actors	The programme shall device alternative means of addressing challenges caused by the strike.
5 Unfavourable change in government Policies which may negatively hamper the project execution	The project has done necessary risk assessment and analysis to forestall the effect of these policies.
6 Security challenges	The project shall carry out all activities after due consultation with security tips and experts and carry along security agents when necessary

DEMOCRACY AND GOOD GOVERNANCE PROGRAMME

THEMATIC AREAS OF FOCUS



PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES

To further engage electoral stakeholders at all levels towards promoting Inclusive, Participatory and Representative electioneering process ahead of 2026 Ekiti and Osun states Off-cycle Gubernatorial elections.

1

To increase voter participation among eligible voters through comprehensive voters' education and mobilization thereby reducing voters' apathy in the 2026 Ekiti and Osun Off cycle gubernatorial elections.

2

To monitor and report all forms of voters' inducement and its effects on the 2026 Ekiti, Osun Off-cycle Gubernatorial elections outcomes.

3

To promote transparency, Accountability and Citizens' participation in Governance in Osun State.

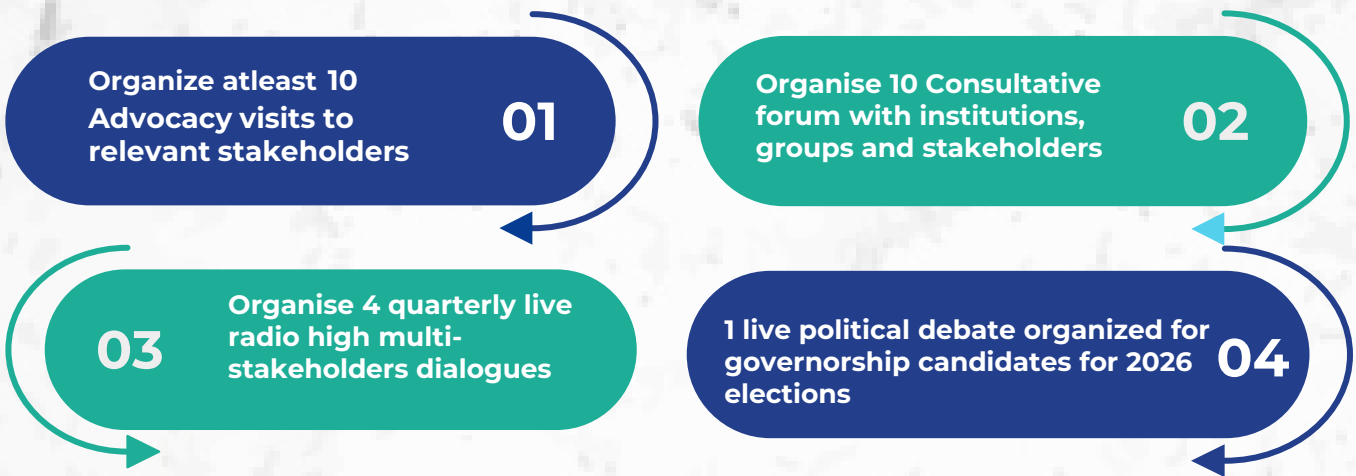
4

Promoting citizens' participation in democratic process at the parish JDPs in Osogbo Diocese.

5

OBJECTIVE 1: To further engage electoral stakeholders at all levels towards promoting Inclusive, Participatory and Representative electioneering process ahead of 2026 Ekiti and Osun states Off-cycle Gubernatorial elections.

PLANNED ACTIVITIES

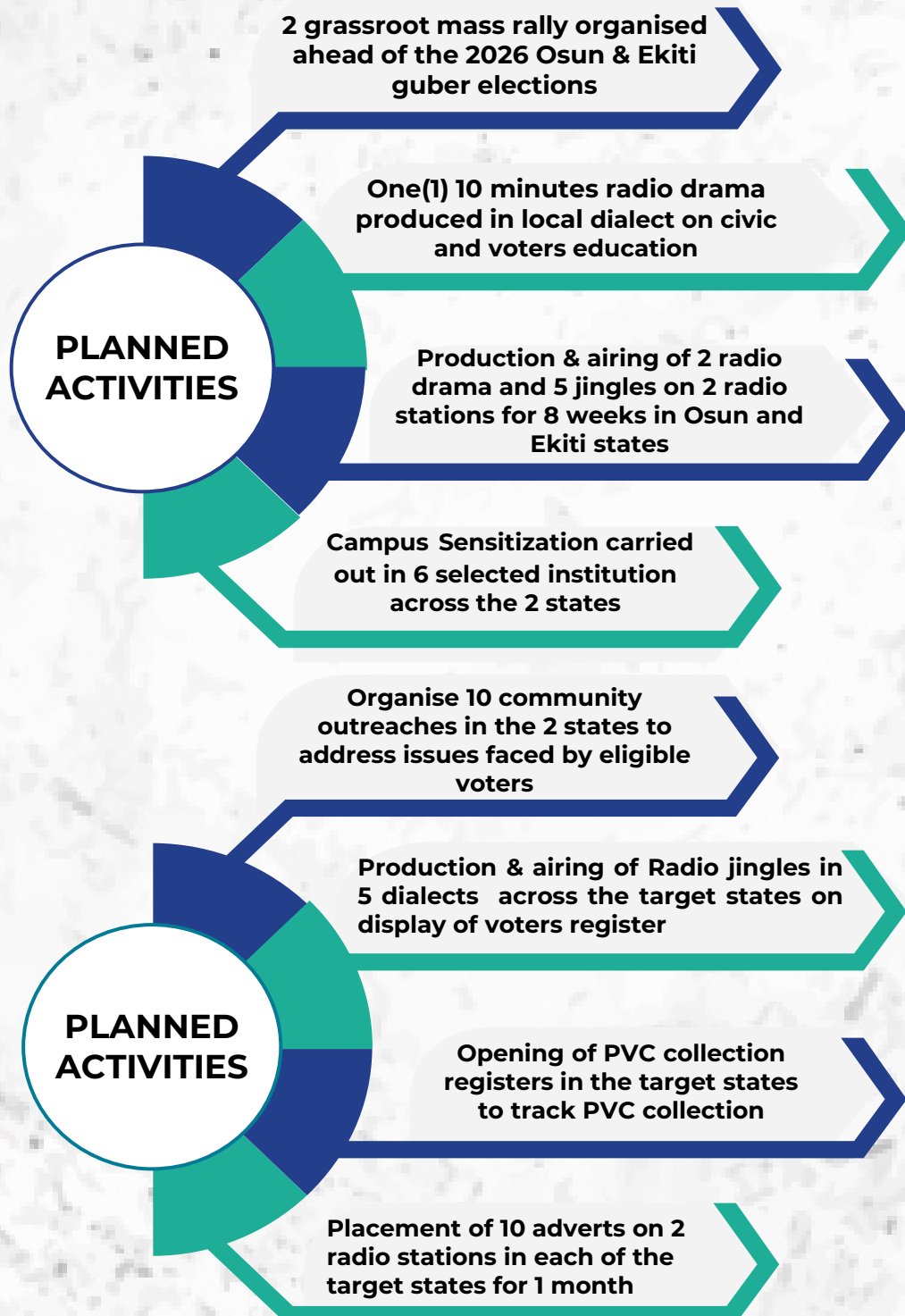


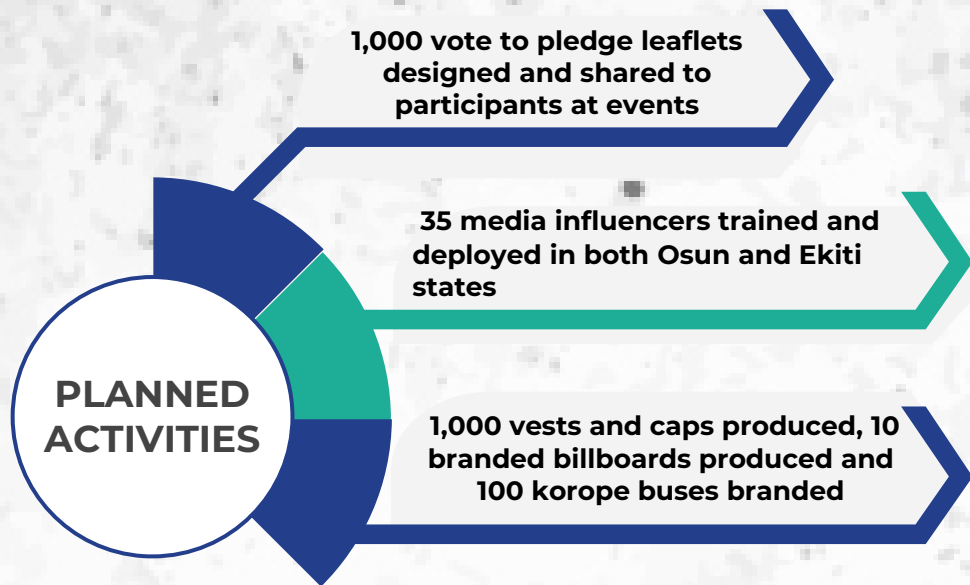
EXPECTED OUTCOME



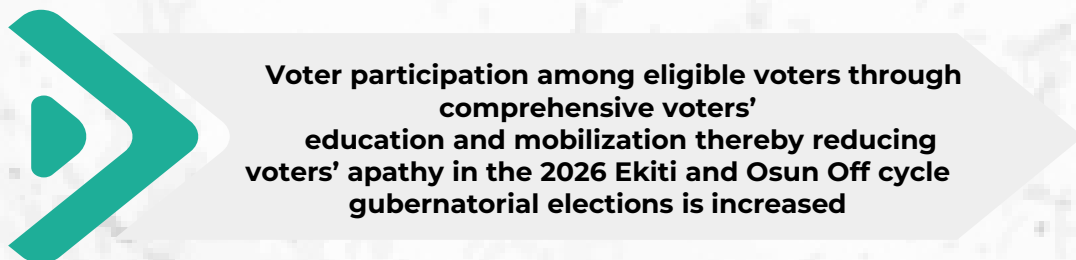
Electoral stakeholders at all levels engaged towards promoting Inclusive, Participatory and Representative electioneering process ahead of 2026 Ekiti and Osun states Off-cycle Gubernatorial elections.

OBJECTIVE 2: To increase voter participation among eligible voters through comprehensive voters' education and mobilization thereby reducing voters' apathy in the 2026 Ekiti and Osun Off cycle gubernatorial elections.



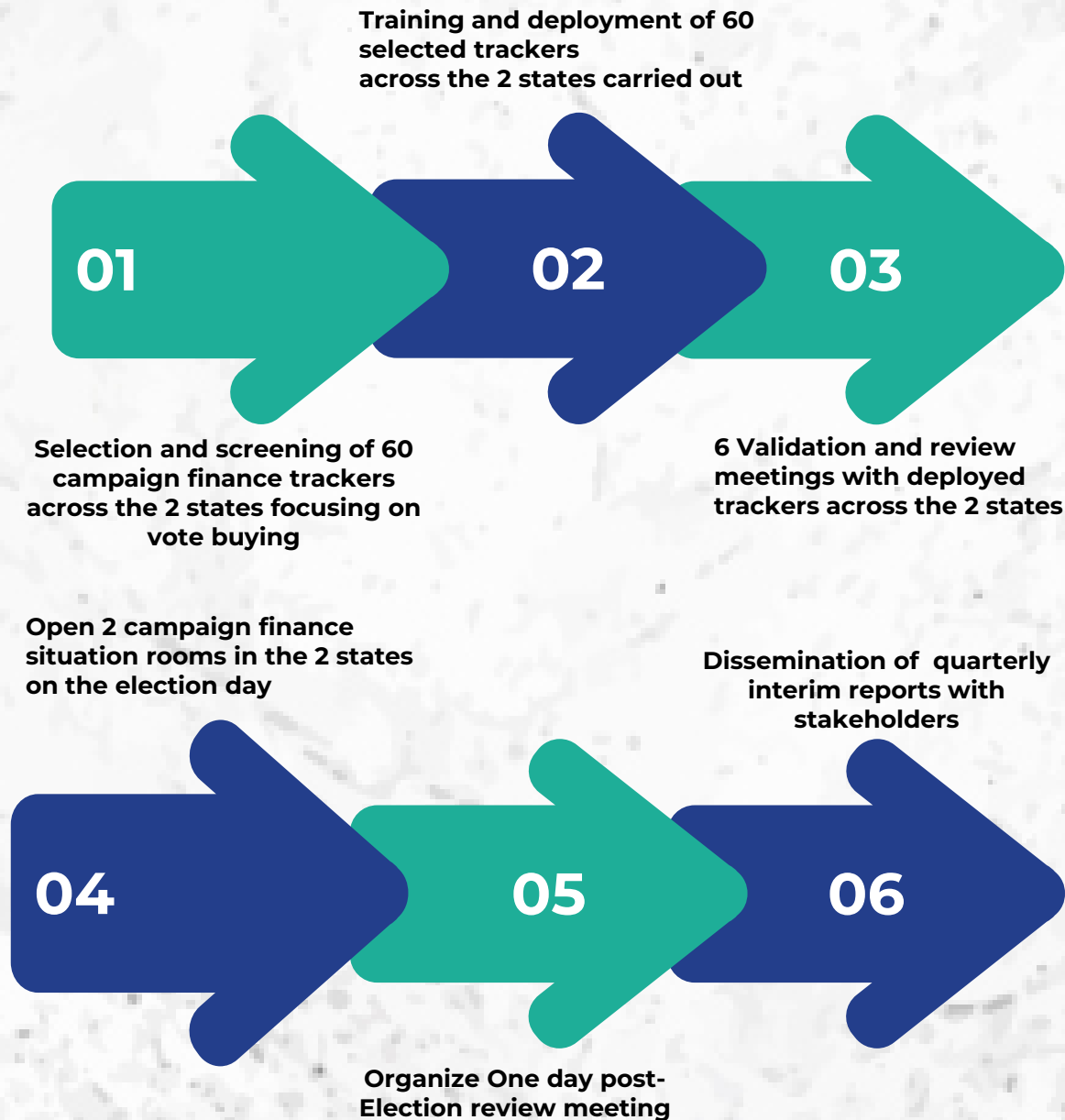


EXPECTED OUTCOME



OBJECTIVE 3: To monitor and report all forms of voters' inducement and its effects on the 2026 Ekiti, Osun Off-cycle Gubernatorial elections outcomes.

PLANNED ACTIVITIES



EXPECTED OUTCOME



All forms of voters' inducement and its effects on the 2026 Ekiti, Osun Off-cycle Gubernatorial elections outcomes monitored and reported

OBJECTIVE 4: To promote transparency, Accountability and Citizens' participation in Governance in Osun State.

PLANNED ACTIVITIES

01

One training organised for Project team on budget tracking

02

Air 10 Radio program episodes to discuss and sensitize the people on issues on governance

03

Organize 6 Advocacy visits to stakeholders

04

Simplification, Analysis and dissemination of Osun 2026 Agricultural and infrastructural sector budget

05

Tracking of 20 Government budget through Osun Eye on our Money platform

06

Osun Eye on our money platform renewed and accessible

07

Commemoration of
Annual Democracy
Day

08

Provision of
Technical and
Financial support for
10 Enlarged GGC

09

Organise one annual
gathering of GGCs

10

Research validation
and publication of
findings

EXPECTED OUTCOME



Transparency, Accountability and
Citizens' participation in
Governance is strengthened in Osun State

OBJECTIVE 5: Promoting citizens' participation in democratic process at the parish JDPs in Osogbo Diocese.

PLANNED ACTIVITIES

Inviting at least 50 selected members of Parish JDP to participate in program activities

Sensitization for at least 180 members across the deaneries of the diocese. on the need to participate in the forthcoming 2026 Osun election

EXPECTED OUTCOME

Citizens' participation in democratic process at the parish JDPs in Osogbo Diocese is Promoted

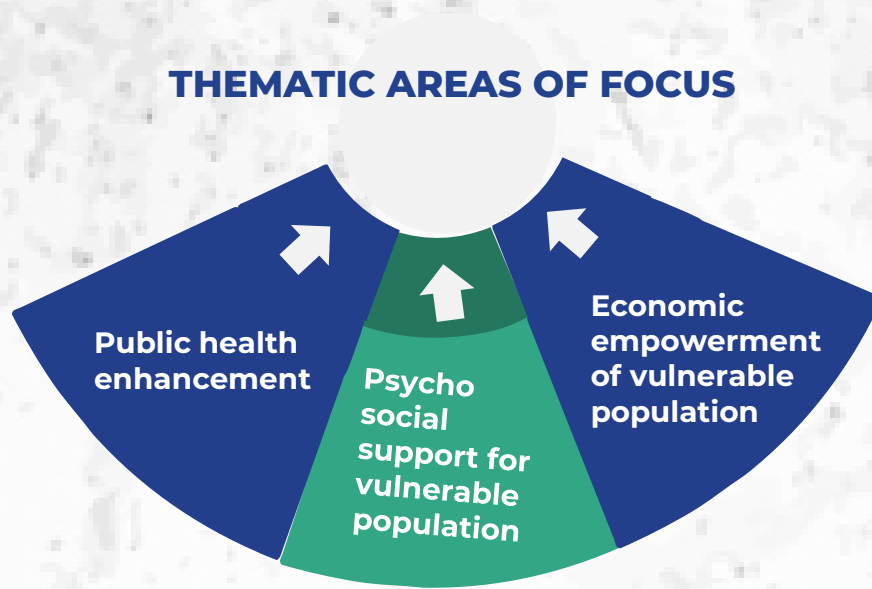
STAKEHOLDERS

1. Misereor
2. Security Agents
3. Political Parties
4. Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) and Osun State Independent Electoral Commission (OSSEIC)
5. Osun State House of Assembly
6. Good Governance Committees.
7. Civil Society Organisations
8. Ministries, Departments and Agencies (Ministry of Budget and Economic Planning, ICPC, EFCC etc.)

Risks	Insignificant	Minor	Significant	Major	Severe	Mitigating Strategy
Physical						
Sudden exit of any project team member		√				The organization has many capable, dynamic and experienced staff that can take in case of any project team exit.
Loss of vital information/documents as a result of laptop crash, accident or theft.				√		The department has strong back-up and secure every vital information on cloud.
Insecurity					√	Continuous engagements with security agents for security checks and updates.
Domestic and global unrest e.g war and crisis				√		The department factors its likelihood effect on the implementation of its activities.
Government Bureaucracies/ Lack of cooperation from major stakeholders.				√		The organization develops strategies to get their buy-in through consistent advocacy and information sharing.
Political risk				√		
Instability in government policy (emergence of the new 2026 electoral law)						The department will engage in continuous sensitization of its relevant stakeholders and target beneficiaries.
Donor's unwillingness to support the intervention as a result of shrinking civic space					√	Develop robust relationship with donors
Economic risk						
Hike in inflation as a result of unfavorable government policy				√		Implementation of cost-effective activities
Natural						
Force majeure: Pandemic, endemic earthquake					√	Adopt holistic strategies that combine biological hazard management with climate/natural disaster plans.

INTEGRAL HUMAN DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

THEMATIC AREAS OF FOCUS



PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES

To enhance access of vulnerable children and victims of child abuse to education, welfare and protection supports in 5 LGAs of Osun State

1

To increase awareness on public health issues among adolescents and general population in Osun state.

2

Provision of technical and financial empowerment for 100 vulnerable youth and women in Osun state.

3

To sensitize Parish JDPs on health management. and child protection across the four deaneries.

4

OBJECTIVE 1: To enhance access of vulnerable children and victims of child abuse to education, welfare and protection supports in 5 LGAs of Osun State

PLANNED ACTIVITIES

Advocacy visits



5 advocacy visits to stakeholders in 1st, 2nd, 3rd & 4th quarters

Sensitization on Child Protection and Care



- 5 School outreaches conducted in 1st, 2nd, 3rd & 4th quarters
- 5 session of X space held to sensitize on the social media handles

Provision of support for 50 vulnerable children



50 vulnerable children provided with Educational, Nutrition, Psychosocial and Medical support for across the targeted areas in 1 year

EXPECTED OUTCOME

Improved welfare condition for 50 identified vulnerable children

OBJECTIVE 2: To increase awareness on public health issues among adolescents and general population in Osun state.

PLANNED ACTIVITIES

Advocacy visits to relevant stakeholders.

10 Advocacy visits conducted to relevant stakeholders

1

Public sensitization on health management through radio program and social media handles.

10 radio program sensitization campaigns, 5 X-space sensitization will be carried out.

2

Conduct 10 FGD on Preventive health issues with established groups

10 Focus Group Discussion carried out

3

Conduct Client Exit Interview at the PHC .

90 client exit interview conducted.

4

5

Conduct Key Informant Interview with officer in Charge (OIC) at the facility and head of the health department at the LGA.

4 key informant interview at the facility and 2 at the LGA will be conducted.

EXPECTED OUTCOME

Increased awareness on public health issues among adolescents and general population in Osun state.

OBJECTIVE 3: Provision of technical and financial empowerment for 100 vulnerable youth and women in Osun state.

PLANNED ACTIVITIES

Organize Workshop on skill acquisition for 20 identified vulnerable youths and women

01

4 workshops organized for 100 beneficiaries on different vocations/skill acquisition in 1 year.

Linkage of the trained vulnerable youths & women to likely available opportunities to access start-up grant/loan.

02

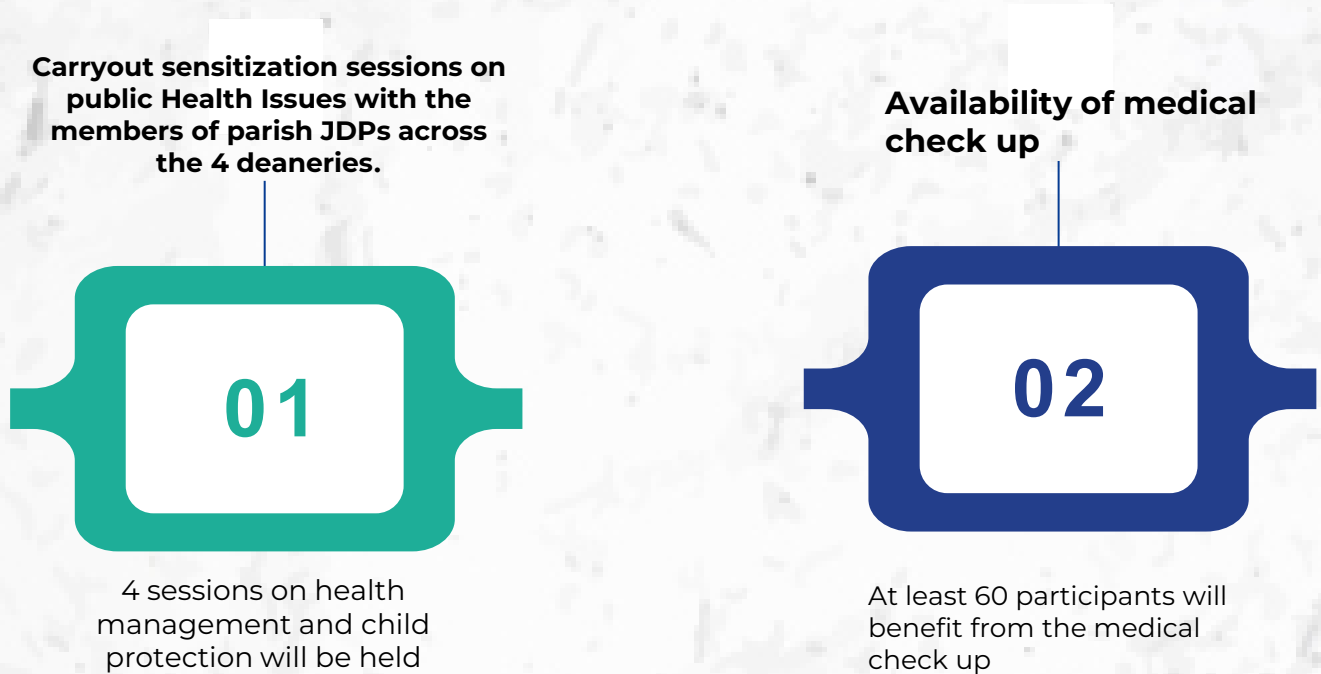
10 beneficiaries linked to available opportunities in 1 year

EXPECTED OUTCOME

Improved economic stability for 10 identified beneficiaries

OBJECTIVE 4: To sensitize Parish JDPs on health management. and child protection across the four deaneries.

PLANNED ACTIVITIES



EXPECTED OUTCOME

Increased awareness on proper channels of health management and child protection.

Stakeholders			
ACOMIN	NPF	NAPTIP	Religious leaders
Traditional leaders	NSCDC	Human rights commission	Traditional birth attendance (TBA)
Donor organization	Media	CSOs	National bureau of statistics
CBOS and networks	Correctional / rehabilitation centers	Ministry of health	Osun state Health Insurance Scheme (OHIS)
Ministry of women, children and social affairs	Ministry of Education	Ministry of Youth and Sport	Research and Academic Institutes

S/ N	Description of Possible Risks / Assumptions	Mitigation Strategies
1	Lack of fund (No donor funding project)	i.Collaborating and leveraging on other funded programs in the organization to execute the planned activities, ii. communities taking ownership of the program iii. Through local funding by the organization and some key stakeholders.
2	Non-cooperation of some target communities/stakeholders	Effective advocacy and consultations among key target communities' members/key stakeholders.
3	Government Policy	The programme is planned to be flexible enough to accommodate changes.
4	Insecurity	By following the news for information and movement bis planned accordingly
5	Unfavorable political climate	Consistent sensitization of the beneficiaries especially youth at every available opportunity on Conflict Mitigation strategies.

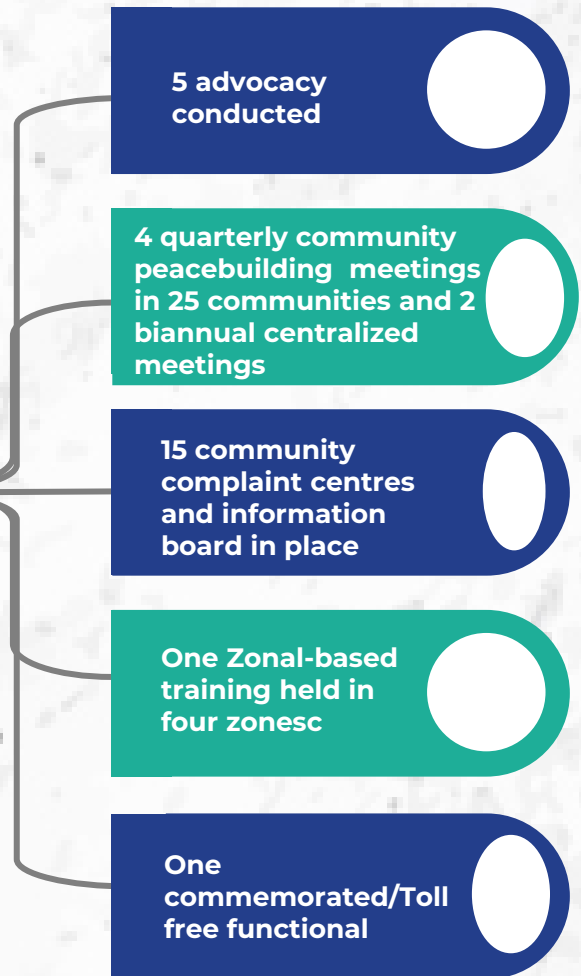
RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

OBJECTIVE 1: Intra- and inter-community multi-stakeholder synergy platforms are strengthened and continually utilised for peace-building

PLANNED ACTIVITIES



OUTPUTS



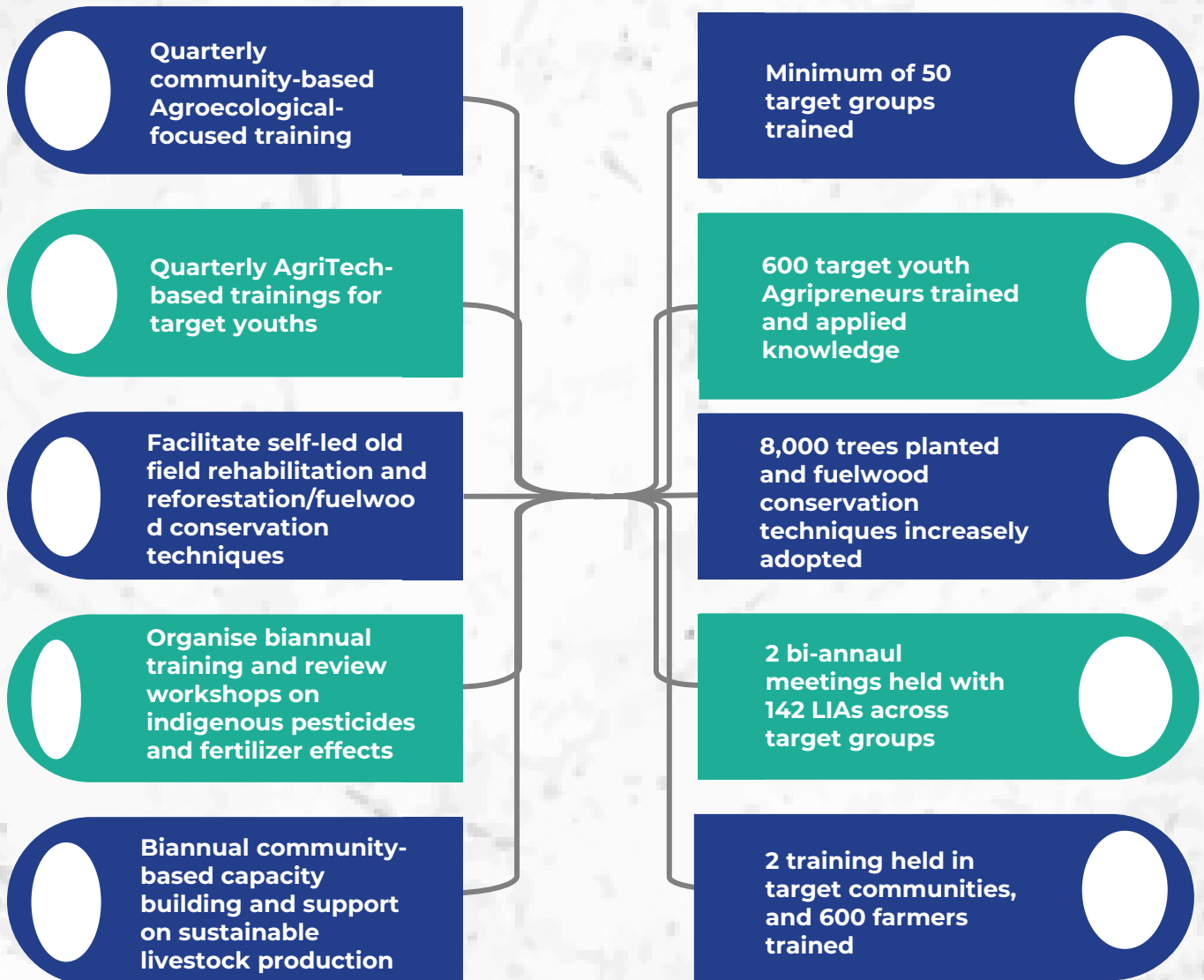
EXPECTED OUTCOME

Functional community peacebuilding platforms
Improved collaborative conflict resolution at community levels
Promote peaceful coexistence

OBJECTIVE 2: 1000 vulnerable young, women and men farmers and pastoralists (including 600 young farmers and herders) have enhanced their productivity and profitability of crop and livestock farming

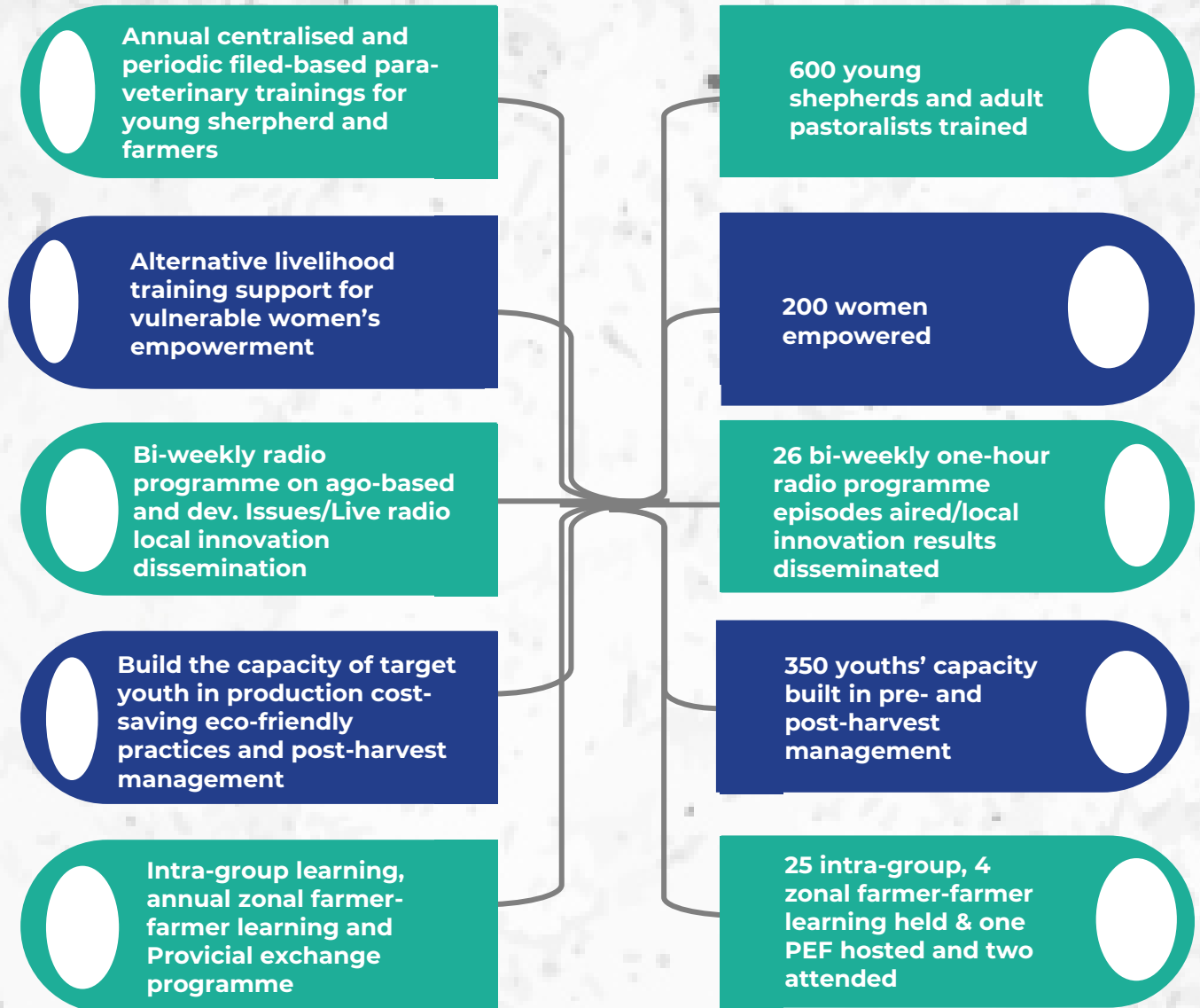
PLANNED ACTIVITIES

OUTPUTS



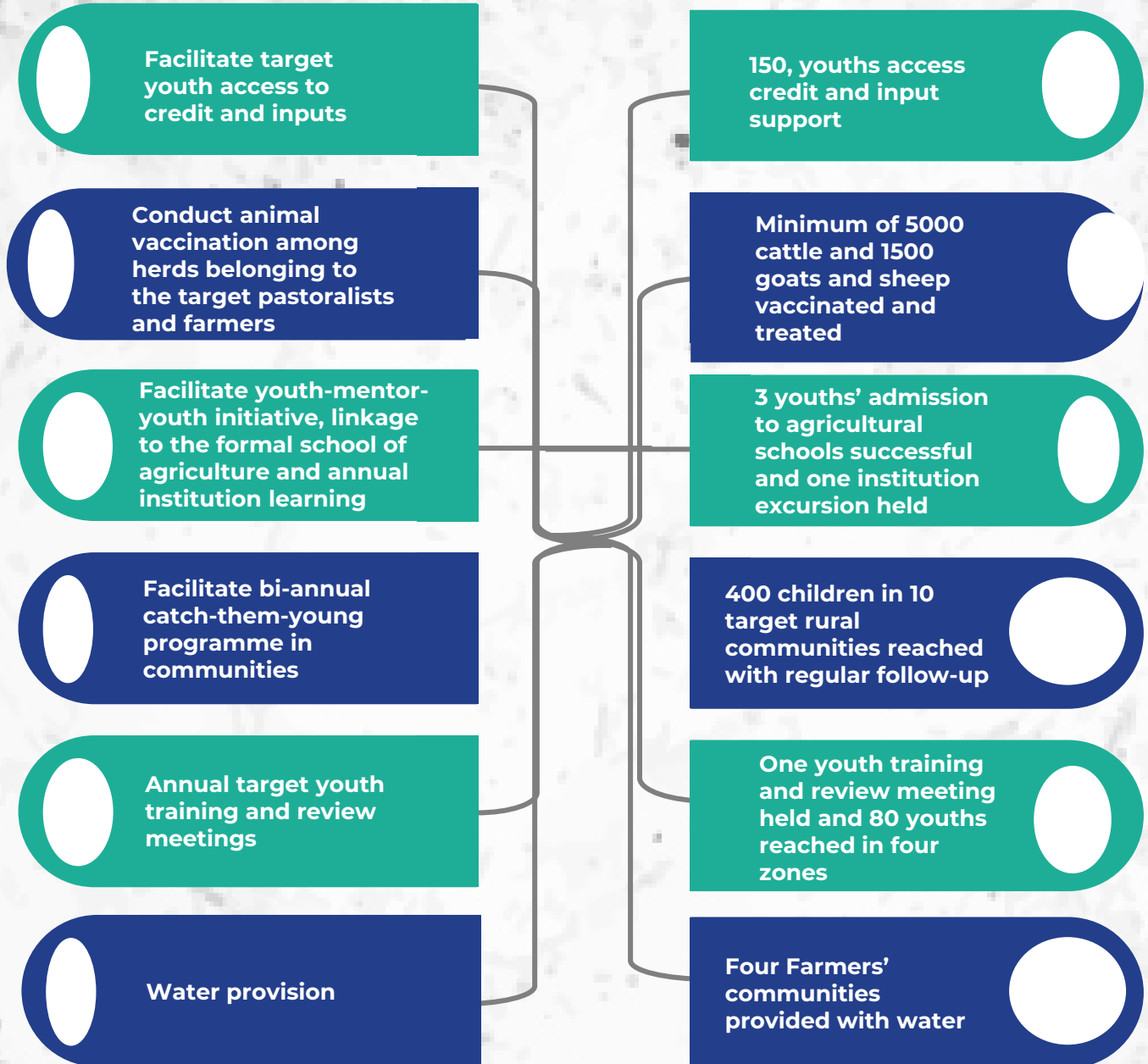
PLANNED ACTIVITIES

OUTPUTS



PLANNED ACTIVITIES

OUTPUTS



EXPECTED OUTCOME

Improved productivity of crops and livestock by 15%,
improved eco-friendly practices,
improved adoption of local innovation for food production
Promote peaceful coexistence
Improved independent animal treatment and reduced mortality
improved youth active engagement in farming

OBJECTIVE 3: The target group association is better equipped for enhanced recognition and structural sustainability at the group, zone, and apex levels

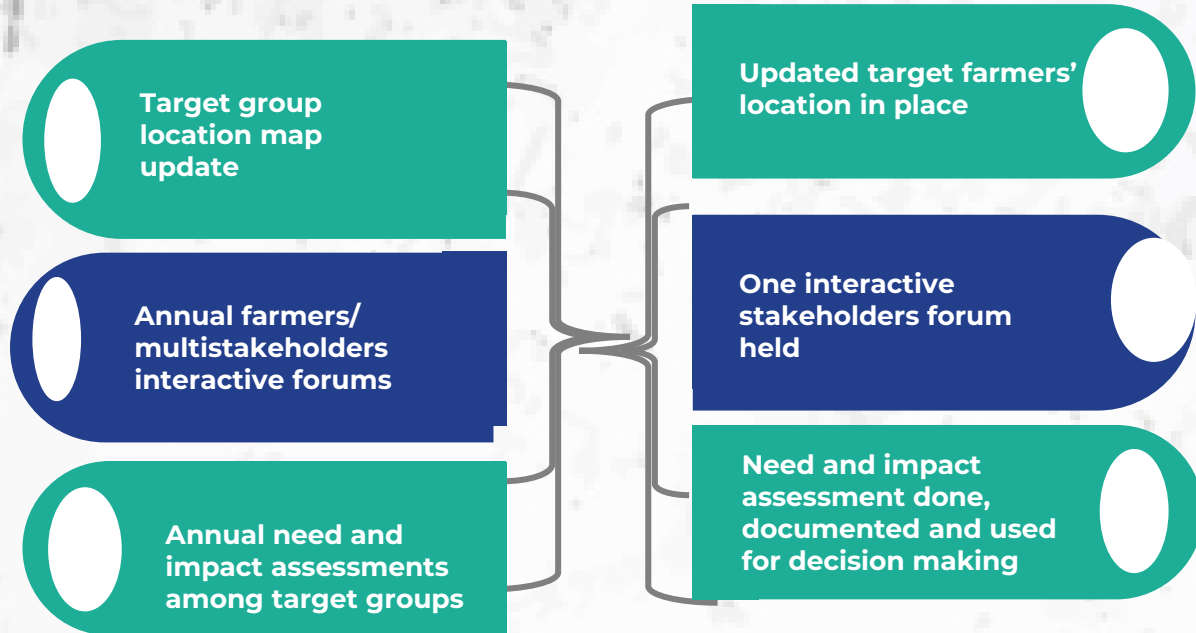
PLANNED ACTIVITIES

OUTPUTS



PLANNED ACTIVITIES

OUTPUTS



EXPECTED OUTCOME

improved collaborative efforts and peaceful coexistence,
improved need-oriented interventions, promote
sustainability of efforts

STAKEHOLDERS

1. Misereor
2. Security Agencies
3. Farmers
4. Patoralist
5. Federal Ministry of Agriculture and food security
6. Osun State Ministry of Agriculture and food security
7. Ministry of Special Duties and Regional Integration
8. Leventis Foundation Nigeria, Ilesha
9. International Institute for Tropical Agriculture (IITA)
10. Farmers Development Union (FADU)
11. Amo Farm Sieberer Hatchery Ltd
12. Osun State Rural Water and Environmental Sanitation Agency
13. Cocoa Research Institute
14. Provincial Rural Development Programmes
15. Traditional and Religious Leaders
16. National Organic Association of Nigeria
17. Alliance for Action on Pesticide in Nigeria
18. Bank of Agriculture

S/N	RISK	MITIGATING STRATEGIES
1	Climate change (irregular rainfall pattern, drought, flooding etc)	Afforestation, drought tolerant varieties of crop, weather forecast, environmental sanitation
2	Poor budgetary allocation to agric. Sector in the state	Advocacy for better budgetary allocation
3	Fuel hike	Alternative energy source, combine trips
4	Glut and post-harvest wastage	Promotion of Market survey/forecast, better storage and processing technique among beneficiaries
5	Pests and diseases infestation	Animal Vaccination, disease resistance variety of crops, IPM, Biosecurity
6	Security issue	Early warning de-escalation mechanism in target communities, constant engagement of security agency (NSCDC) and traditional rulers
7	Rejection or lack of cooperation of target communities	Inclusive and active involvement of all stakeholder in the community periodically
8	Delay or inadequate fund	More collaboration and networking, scouting and writing of proposal
9	Sustainability	Community ownership, self-help project/initiatives among target group.

MONITORING AND EVALUATION STRATEGY

The organisation sees a well-designed M&E system as not just about measuring outputs, but tracking progress to make necessary adjustments to the project's operational approach and ensuring the sustainability of outcomes which help in providing evidence-based decision-making insights, promote accountability and transparency, project performance improvement, strategic planning and learning, and demonstrating impact. Being an organisation that runs multiple projects with different layers of activities designed in achieving various impacts.

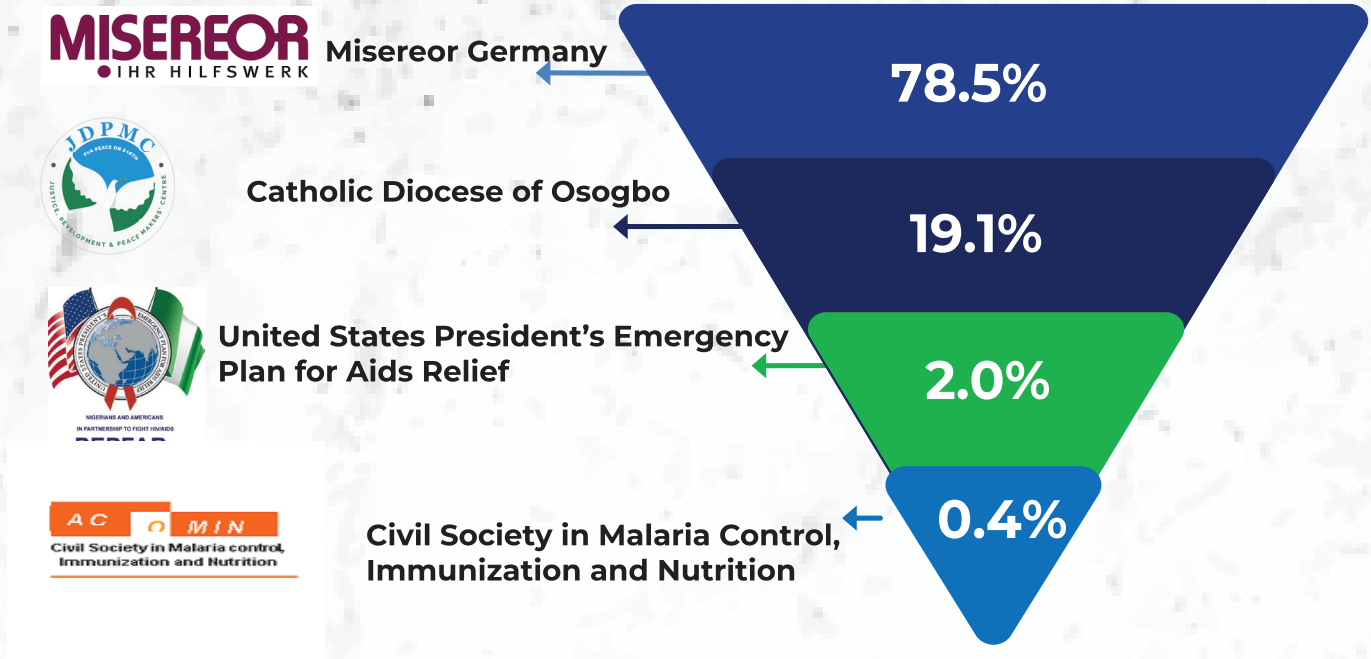
The organisation develops various tools in monitoring and evaluating different forms of activities. The Pre and Post test template is always used by the organisation in monitoring and evaluating the level of knowledge transfer at every training programme using technology like the use of mentimeter. The After-Action Review tools usually used to evaluate each activity. The Alignment-Interests-Influence Matrix (AIIM) tool usually used for identifying and classifying key boundary partners, and mapping how their interests, power and influence affects the advocacy agendas of project while dissemination log is usually used to track and document findings, or results from the project, program, or evaluation.

Being an organisation, which leverages on effective use of various forms of media in reaching out beneficiaries, media Monitoring tool is always used in tracking, analyzing, and measuring various media channels. These channels can include traditional media (think newsprint, magazines, radio, and television) and digital media (web-based applications—which is where most of us spend our time these days).

Analyzing the data from these sources enables the organisation to understand everything from public perception to the growing trends in the civic space. Such as; Social Media Monitoring, News Monitoring, Crisis Management Monitoring, Competitors Monitoring, etc. which help the organization to understand its audiences better. The beneficiary feedback mechanisms tool enables beneficiary perspectives and suggestions to be gathered and used within an M&E system. This enables a continuous cycle of interaction between those receiving (Beneficiaries and Stakeholders) and those delivering (Partner Organizations) Additional each departmental monthly meetings of team members help effectively evaluates the level of impact of the intervention through proper analysis of various monitoring tools which have been deployed for use. The quarterly evaluation brainstorming meeting of the organisation helps to foster a collaborative, judgment-free environment which has helped to rapidly generate a high volume of diverse, creative ideas and hence promote effective project evaluation using difference lens.

OUR PARTNERS

Level of Support



Catholic Bishop's House, Oke Ayepe, Osogbo, Osun State



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